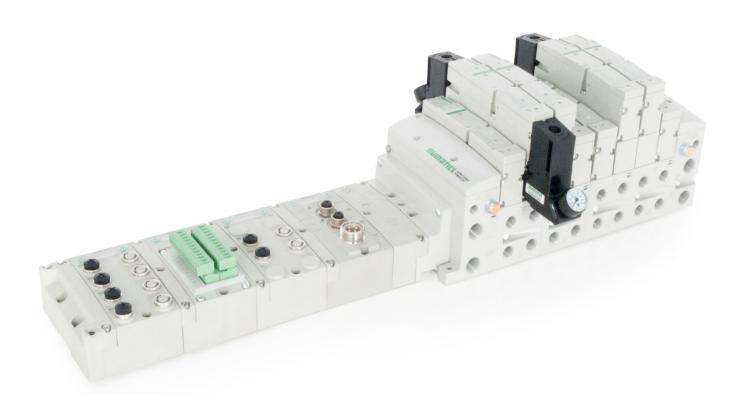


G3 Series EtherNet/IP™ Technical Manual







Conditions for use of this product

- (1) ASCO Numatics G3 Manifold ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions;
- i) Where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident.
- ii) Where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.
- (2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for the purpose of being used in general industries.

ASCO Numatics shall have no responsibility or liability including but not limited to any and all responsibility or liability based on contract, warranty, tort, product liability for any injury or death to persons, loss or damage to property caused by the product that are operated or used in application not intended or excluded by instructions, precautions or warnings contained in ASCO Numatics Technical, User, Instruction, Safety manuals or bulletins.

Safety precautions

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and pay attention to safety and product application. The following symbols are used in the manual to identify important safety, installation and application information.



Caution symbol indicates a possible hazard which may cause injury or equipment damage.



Note symbol indicates important information regarding equipment installation and setup





Electrical installation and operational guidelines

- To be connected to Class 2 power source only.
- All ASCO Numatics communication nodes should be grounded during the installation process. These grounding quidelines can be found in National Electrical code IEC 60204-1 or EN 60204-1.
- All ASCO Numatics G3 Electronics Products to be installed or wired in accordance with ASCO Numatics' published instructions and applicable electrical codes.
- MULTIPLE CLASS 2 POWER SOURCES: When interconnects, class 2 sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection.
- Sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection.
- CLASS 2 WIRING: All field wiring shall be suitable for Class 1, Electric Light and Power, or Class 2, 3 wirings are routed separately and secured to maintain separation between 1) Class 2 wiring and all other class wiring, and 2) Limited energy circuit conductors from unlimited energy circuit conductors.
- Class 2 Device Wiring Only Do Not Reclassify and Install as Class 1, 3 or Power and Lighting Wiring.
- When using molded connector power cables, <u>Do Not</u> rely on wire colors for Pin-Out. <u>Always use pin number references.</u>
- Wire connections shall be rated suitable for the wire size (lead and building wiring) employed.
- MULTIPLE CLASS 2 POWER SOURCES: When interconnects, class 2 sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection.
- Sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection.



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1. About EtherNet/IP™

1.1 Overview

EtherNet/IPTM is a communication protocol that uses the same network technology that can be found in commercial and domestic operations worldwide, but has added benefits/features toward manufacturing applications. It is a CIP (common industrial protocol) Network that follows the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) model.

The ODVA (Open DeviceNet Vendor Association) is an independent organization that governs the EtherNet/ IP^{TM} specification and oversees conformance testing for products.

EtherNet/IP™ uses industrial M12 IP67-rated connectors. The protocol can transfer data at two interface speeds of 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps. Maximum network cabling distance is limited to 100m segments at 20° C.

More information about EtherNet/IP[™] and ODVA can be obtained from the ODVA web site <u>www.odva.orq</u>.

1.2 G3 EtherNet/IP™ Features

Features	Description
EtherNet/IP [™] Spec. Supported	Designed to EtherNet/IP™ Specification
Bus Topology	Star and Multi-Star
Baud Rates Supported	10/100 Mbps and Autobaud
CE	CE Compliant
Duplicate Address Detection	If a duplicate address is detected on power up, duplicates will not progress to run mode
Address Setting	Via DHCP/BOOTP, Web Page Configuration, or Graphical Display
Duplex	Half and Full supported
Conformance Tested	Tested by ODVA for conformance
Protocols supported	ACD, ARP, DHCP, HTTP, TCP/IP, UDP

1.3 G3 EtherNet/IP™ Performance Data

Features	Description
CIP connections consumed	1
CIP connections available	16
Packets per second (PPS)	10,000
RPI	≥ 5ms
Connection Type	Multicast, Unicast



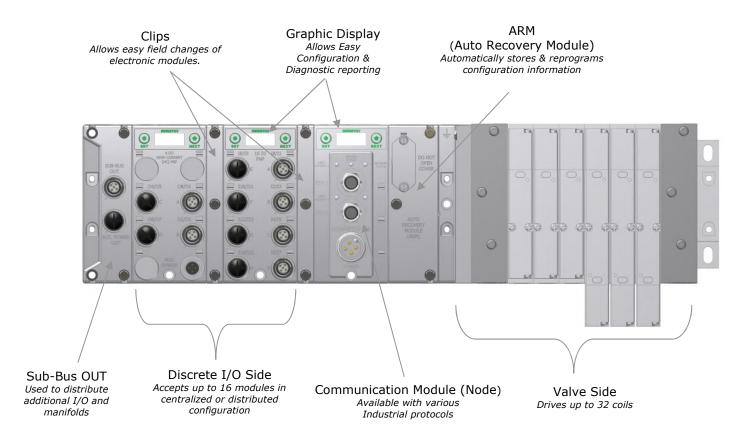
2. G3 Introduction

The G3 Series is an electronic product platform that features an integrated graphic display for simple commissioning and displaying of diagnostic information. In addition, it has an innovative distribution capability which allows the same I/O components that make up a centralized manifold configuration to be used as the distribution components as well, decreasing the need for duplicate components on centralized and distributed applications. The G3 platform interfaces to a variety of valve series and fieldbus interface protocols and is capable of addressing a total of 1200 I/O points (150 bytes). With proper assembly and termination, the G3 modules will have an IP65 / IP67 rating.

The manifold can be viewed as having two sections to it, the *Valve Side* and the *Discrete I/O Side*. The *Valve Side* supports a maximum of 32 solenoid coils and the *Discrete I/O Side* supports a maximum of 16 modules capable of addressing up to 1200 outputs, 1200 inputs or various combinations.

Various discrete modules with integrated graphic display are available. They include digital I/O, analog I/O, and specialty modules which cover various application needs. Pin-outs for all connectors are labeled on the side of the respective modules and are also detailed in the module section of this document.

This manual details specific information for configuring and commissioning the ASCO Numatics G3 Series product line. For more information relating to pneumatic valves and valve manifold assemblies, please refer to the Numatics "In Control" catalog at www.asco.com.

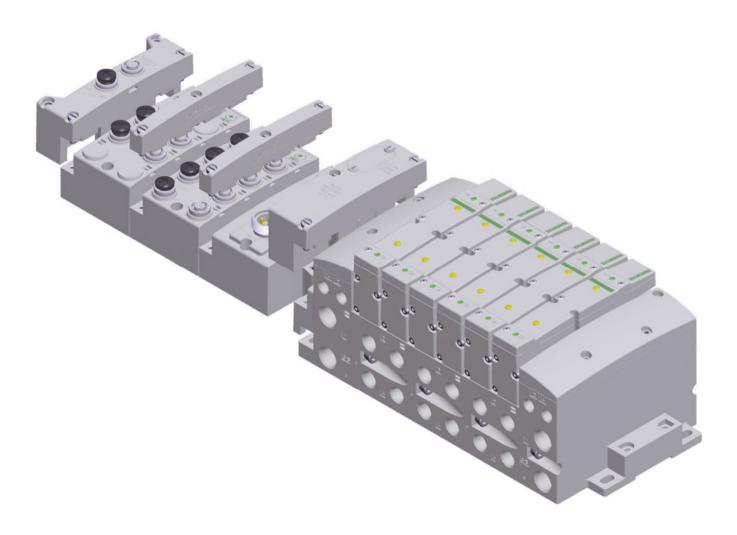




2.1 G3 Electronics Modularity

Discrete I/O

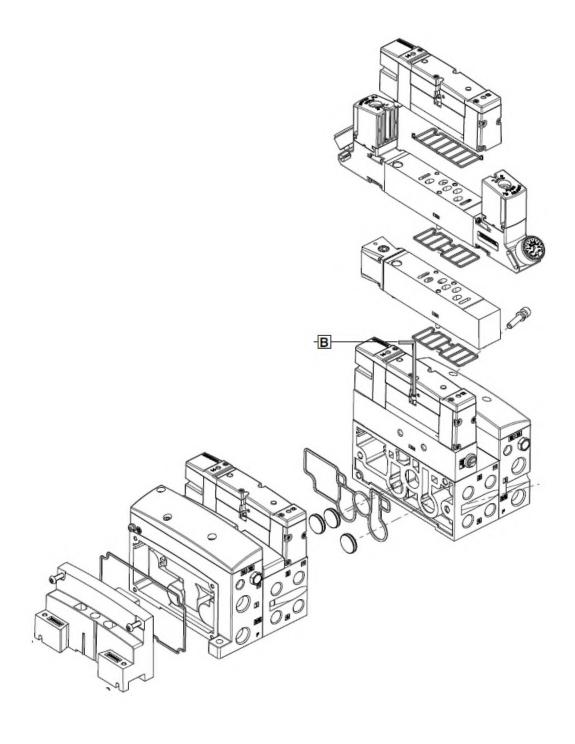
The G3 Series product line is a completely modular and scalable system. As shown below, all of the G3 electronic modules plug together, via mechanical clips, allowing for easy assembly and field changes.





2.2 500 Series Pneumatic Valve Manifold

The pneumatic valve manifold with internal circuit board technology is also modular. The valve solenoid coil connections are automatically made using Z-Board™ technology (plug together PC boards), which allow internal connection from solenoid coils to output drivers without the use of wires). This allows easy assembly and field changes.



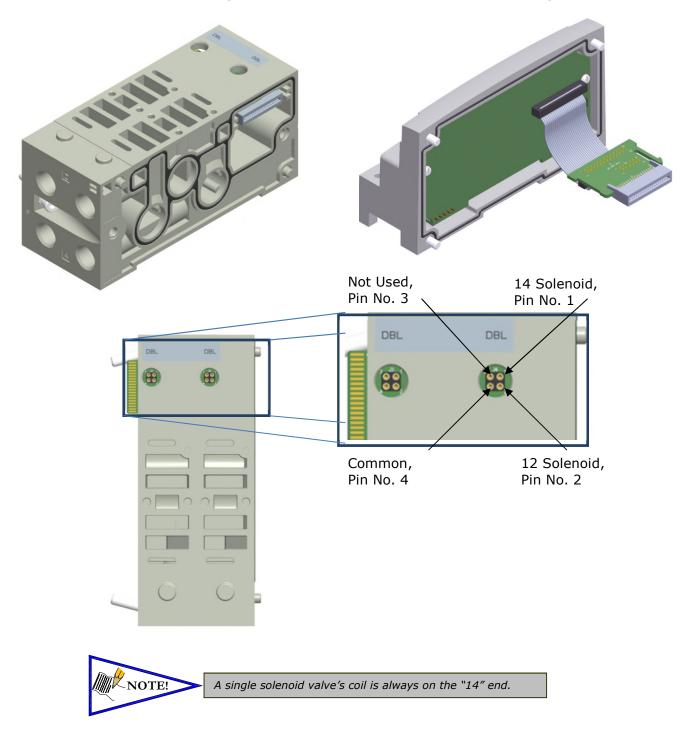


Numatics G3 Series EtherNet/IP™ Technical Manual

2.3 500 Series Manifold Stations

Solenoid Coil Connections using Z-Board™ Technology for 501/502/503 valve series

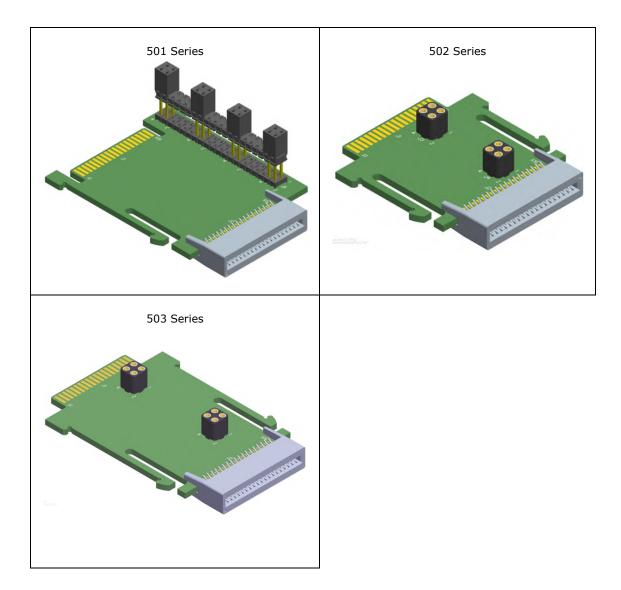
Z-Board[™] plug-together technology connects all valve solenoids to the valve coil output driver board, located in the valve adapter. There is a maximum of 32 coil outputs available on the complete manifold assemblies. The 32 available outputs are accessed on the 501 series valves utilizing 4 station manifolds and on the 502 and 503 series utilizing 2 station manifolds.





2.4 500 series Z-Board™ Connectors

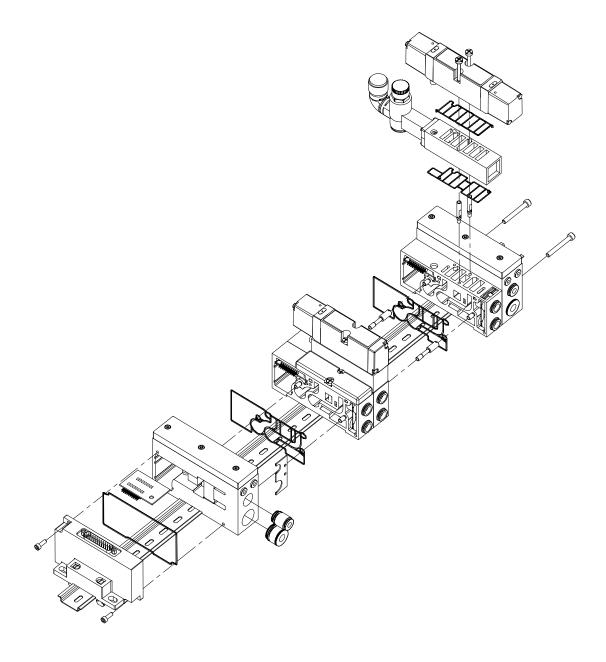
The 501, 502 and 503 valve series utilize 2 different Z-Board $^{™}$ designs to achieve the single and double solenoid output functions. This yields the possible 32 single, 16 double, or various combinations of valve coil output capabilities.





2.5 2000 Series Pneumatic Valve Manifold

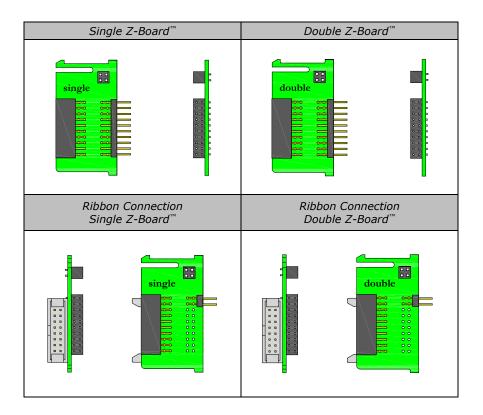
The pneumatic valve manifold with internal circuit board technology is also modular. The valve solenoid coil connections are automatically made using Z-Board** technology (plug together PC boards), which allow internal connection from solenoid coils to output drivers without the use of wires). This allows easy assembly and field changes.





2.6 2000 Series Z-Board™ Connectors

The 2005/2012/2035 valve series utilize 2 different Z-Board™ designs to achieve the single and double solenoid output functions. This yields the possible 32 single, 16 double, or various combinations of valve coil output capabilities.





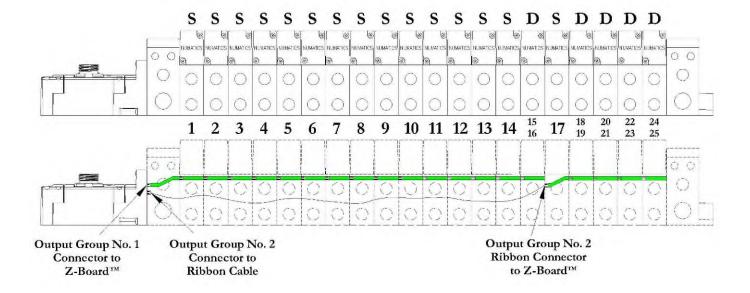
The 17th solenoid (output group No. 2's first bit) must be accessed via either the valve side Sub-D output module or a ribbon connector type Z-board.



2.7 2000 Series Z-Board™ and Ribbon Cable Example

If fourteen (14) single solenoid and one (1) double solenoid valves are connected directly to the communication node via their Z-Boards $^{\mathbb{T}}$, and one (1) single solenoid and four (4) double solenoid valves are connected to the communication node via the ribbon cable, the following would be the valve side bit map:

S = Single Solenoid with Single Z-Board ™
D = Double Solenoid With Double Z-Board ™



Output Word		0	1		
Output Byte	0	1	2	3	
Output Bit No.	00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07	08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 2	4 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	
Solenoid Coil Output No.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 2	.5 n/a	

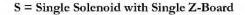


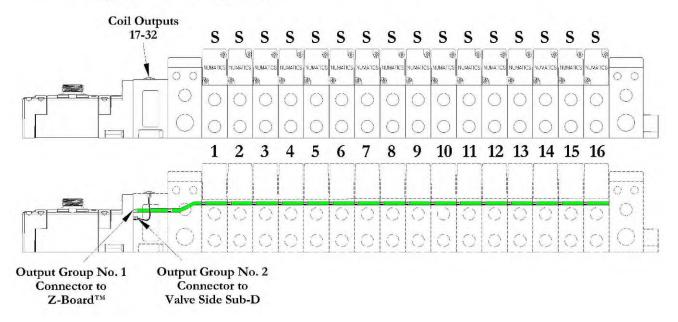
The ribbon cable and valve side Sub-D examples do not apply to 501,502 or 503 series.



2.8 2000 Series Z-Board[™] and Valve Side Sub-D Example

If sixteen (16) single solenoid valves are connected directly to the communication node via Z-Boards™ and a valve side Sub-D connector is connected to the communication node via the output Group No. 2 connector then the following would be the valve side bit map:





Output Word	0		1			
Output Byte	0	1	2	3		
Output Bit No.	00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 1	0 11 12 13 14 15	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31		
Solenoid Coil Output No.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1	.1 12 13 14 15 16	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32		

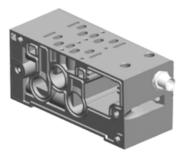


3. Zoned Power

3.1 503 Series Zoned Power application

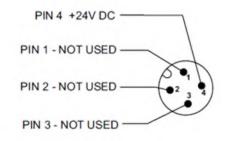
The Zoned Power Manifold blocks can be incorporated into a 503 Series manifold assembly to isolate Power to a number of valve stations, independent from the main power of the manifold. This is achieved by the integral 4-Pin M12 connector along with the modified manifold board. The total number of Zoned Power Manifold blocks is determined by the maximum solenoid outputs as defined by the type of interface (e.g. G3 Electronics, Terminal Strip, D-Sub). For user flexibility, the Zoned Power Manifold blocks are available in both "proprietary" and "ISO" versions and can be ordered with the M12 connector starting at the first or second station.

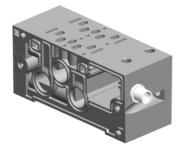




V Wiring Option

W & V Connector Pin Out





W Wiring Option

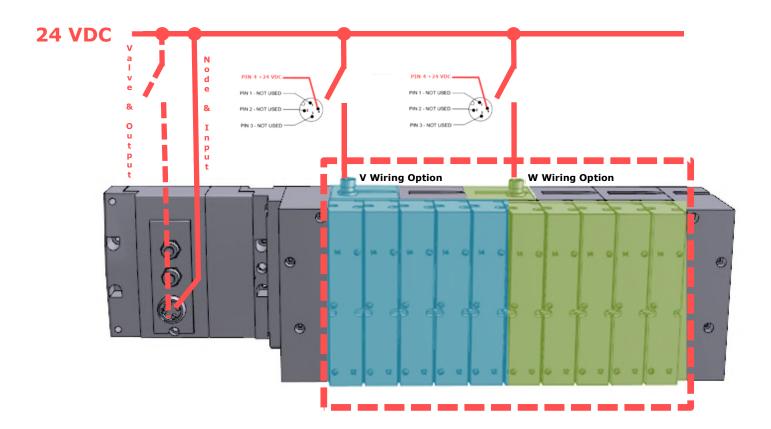
Technical Data

Electrical Data:	
Voltage:	24 VDC (0 VDC must be common with main power)
Connection:	4-Pin M12 Single Key Male
Environmental:	IP65 (with proper connection)



3.2 503 Series Zoned Power example

In the example shown below there are two Zoned Power Manifold blocks used. One is a "W" wiring option and the other is a "V" wiring option. The first (5) stations of the manifold assembly get their power from the M12 4-Pin connector at station one. The next (5) stations get their power from the M12 4-Pin connector at station six. Each of these "Zones" can be individually switched off if the machine or process requires. This example is considered a manifold with (2) Power Zones. The Main Power (7/8" MINI) cannot be considered or used as a Power Zone; Switched Power (Solenoid/Output Power) **MUST** be present for control to the solenoids.





The 0 VDC reference for the +24 VDC applied to Pin 4 of the M12 connector MUST be the same as the one used on G3/580/Terminal Strip/25 or 37 Pin Sub-D/19 or 26 Pin Round Connector. If multiple 24 VDC power supplies are used the 0 VDC references of each supply MUST be common.

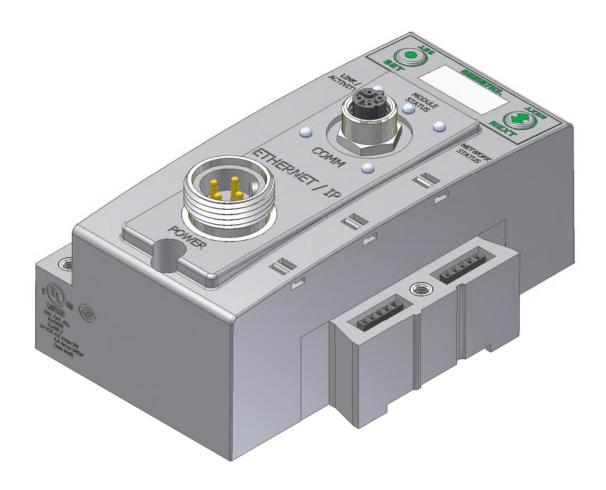


4. Communication Module

4.1 EtherNet/IP™ Communication Module (Node)

This module is the communication interface to the manifold. It contains communication electronics and internal short circuit protection for power. It can be configured via software, via the graphic display or manually via DIP switches through the optional Manual Configuration Module (MCM).

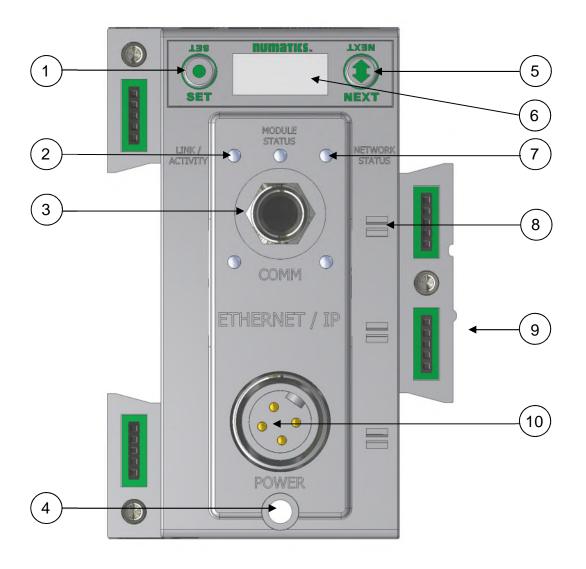
Communication Module Kit Part Number		
EtherNet/IP™ Communication Module	240-181	





4.2 Communication Module Description

Detail No.	Description	
1	"Set" Button – used to navigate through user menus and to set parameters	
2	Activity/Link Status LED	
3	4 Pin M12 D-Coded Female Communication Connector	
4	Mounting Hole	
5	"Next" Button – used to navigate through user menus and to set parameters	
6	Graphic Display – used to display parameter information	
7	Network Status LED	
8	Slot for text ID tags	
9	Keying for preventing I/O module insertion	
10	4 Pin MINI Male Power Connector	





4.3 Connector Pin-Outs

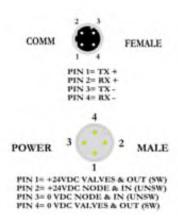
Industry standard connectors are used for communication and auxiliary power. The EtherNet/IP™ communication connector is a D-coded keyway 4 pin female M12 connector. The Power connector is a single keyway 4-pin male 7/8″ MINI connector.

EtherNet/IP™ Communication Connector Pin-Out

Pin No.	Function	Description
1	TX+	Positive Transmit Line
2	RX+	Positive Receive Line
3	TX-	Negative Transmit Line
4	RX-	Negative Receive Line

Power Connector with Cenelec Pin-Out

Cenelec Pin No.	Function	Description
1	+24 VDC (Valves and Outputs)	Voltage used to power outputs (valve coils and discrete outputs) SW
2	+24 VDC (Node and Inputs)	Voltage used to power discrete inputs and node electronics UNSW
3	0 VDC (Node and Inputs)	0 VDC Voltage used to power discrete inputs and node electronics UNSW
4	0 VDC (Valves and Outputs)	0 VDC Voltage used to power outputs (valve coils and discrete outputs) SW





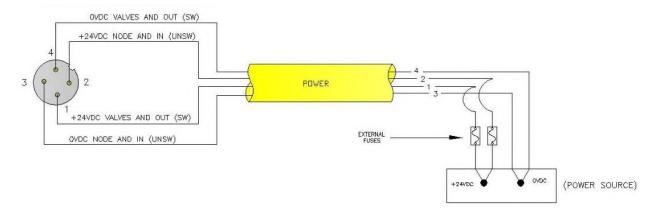
- Power common (0 VDC) pins 3 and 4 are isolated from each other to allow separate (isolated) power supply connection if required. However, they can be tied together if a single common, non-isolated, application is preferred.
- The combined draw of the +24VDC Valves and Outputs and +24VDC Node and Inputs pins cannot exceed 8 Amps, at any given moment in time.
- The Node and Input power pin (2) supplies power to the node electronics. This pin must be powered at all times for communication node to be functional.



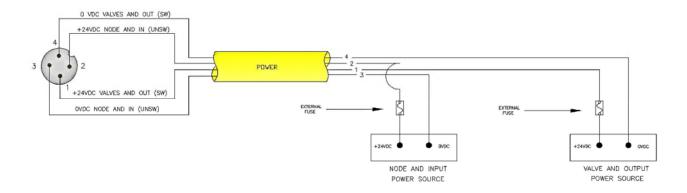
4.4 Electrical Connections

Power Connector Wiring Diagram

Power Supply Example (Non-isolated commons)



Power Supply Example (Isolated commons)





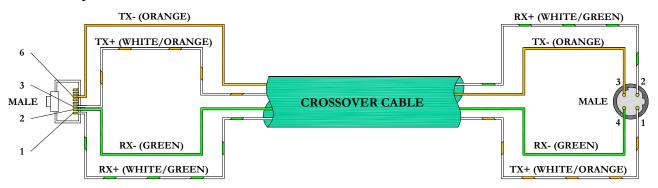
- Please see page 25 for external fuse sizing guide.
- When using molded connector power cables, Do Not rely on wire colors for Pin-Out. Always use pin number references.
- The combined draw of the +24VDC Valves and Outputs and +24VDC Node and Inputs pins cannot exceed 8 Amps, at any given moment in time.



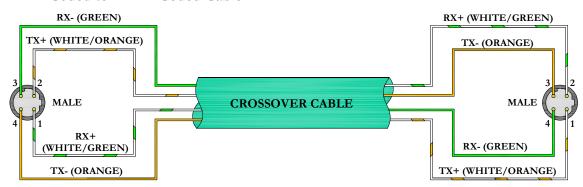
EtherNet/IP™ Straight-Through Cabling Diagrams

Straight-Through Ethernet cable is used when connecting an Ethernet node to a basic media component (router, switch, hub, etc.). Here are some basic wiring examples of Straight-Through cabling.

RJ45 to M12 D Coded Cable



M12 D Coded to M12 D Coded Cable



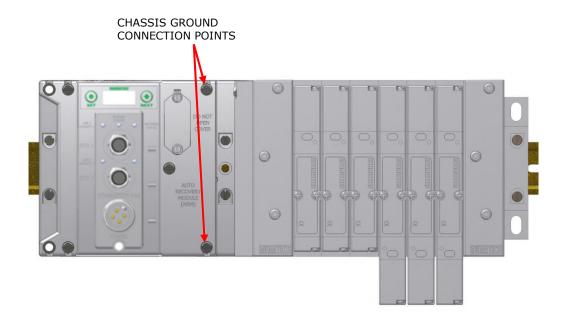


- These are examples only. For appropriate network cabling information, please see the ODVA document titled, "EtherNet/IP™: Media Planning and Installation Manual".
- RJ45 shown as T-568B standard.



4.5 Ground Wiring

All ASCO Numatics communication nodes should be grounded during the installation process. These grounding guidelines can be found in National Electrical code IEC 60204-1 or EN 60204-1.





- Proper grounding will prevent many intermittent problems with network communication.
- When grounding to a machine frame, please ensure that the machine frame itself is already properly grounded.
- Better grounding can be achieved when larger diameter (lower gauge) wire is used.



4.6 Power Consumption

Power Connection

CENELEC Pin No.	Function	Description
1	+24 VDC	Voltage used to power outputs
	(valves and Outputs)	(valve coils and discrete outputs) SW
2	+24 VDC	Voltage used to power discrete inputs and
2	(Node and Inputs)	node electronics UNSW
3	0 VDC Common	0 VDC (-V) Voltage used to power discrete inputs and
3	(Node and Inputs)	node electronics UNSW
4	0 VDC Common	0 VDC (-V) Voltage used to power outputs
4	(Valves and Outputs)	(valve coils and discrete outputs) SW

Power Rating

- For maximum supply current capability please refer to page 59.
- Loads should not draw more than 0.5 Amps of current from any one individual discrete output point (Contact factory for higher current capability requirements).

Component	Voltage	Tolerance	+24VDC (Valves and Outputs) Pins 1 and 4		+24VDC (Node and Inputs) Pins 2 and 3	
			Current	Power	Current	Power
Solenoid Valve Coil 501 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.03 A	0.80 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 502 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.06 A	1.30 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 503 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.07 A	1.70 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 2002 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.02 A	0.48 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 2005 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.06 A	1.44 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 2012 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.11 A	2.64 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 2035 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.11 A	2.64 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil ISO 5599/2- SPA	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.17 A	4.08 W	0 A	0 W
Valve Adapter (Driver)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.03A	0.72 W	0.02 A	0.48 W
Digital Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.04 A	0.96 W	0.05 A*	1.20 W*
Analog Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.01 A	0.24 W	0.08 A*	1.92 W*
Sub-Bus Hub	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0 A	0 W	0.06 A	1.44 W*
RTD Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.01 A	0.24 W	0.06 A	1.44 W*
Communication Module (Node)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.01 A	0.24 W	0.07A*	1.68 W*
Sub-Bus Valve Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.01 A	0.24 W	0.03 A*	0.72 W*
Auto Recovery Module (ARM)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0 A	0 W	0.03 A	0.72 W
Manual Configuration Module (MCM)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0 A	0 W	0.03 A	0.72 W

^{*} Current depends on graphic display brightness setting. Max. value shown with high brightness. Values decrease by approx. 5% for Medium and 11% for Low brightness settings.



• Total power consumption for each Discrete I/O point is dependent on the specific current draw of input sensor devices and output loads.



Recommended External Fuses

External fuses should be chosen based upon the physical manifold configuration. Please refer to the following table for the fuse sizing chart.

External Fuse Sizing Chart

Power Consumption - Power Connector Pin for Valves and	Outpute					
·	Outputs					
<u>Description</u>		<u>Current</u>				
Number of Solenoid Valve Coils Energized Simultaneously						
X 0.17 A (ISO - SPA	=	Amps				
Series)	_	Aiiips				
X 0.11 A (2012 and 2035	=	Amps				
Series)		, ,,,,,,,,,				
X 0.06 A (2005	=	Amps				
Series)						
X 0.02 A (2002 Series)	=	Amps				
X 0.03 A (501						
Series)	=	Amps				
X 0.06 A (502		_				
Series)	=	Amps				
X 0.07 A (503		A				
Series)	=	Amps				
		+				
Total land current drawn by simultaneously energized Discrete Outputs	_	Amps				
Total load current drawn by simultaneously energized Discrete Outputs	=	+				
Number of I/O modules installed VO 01 A		Amps				
Number of I/O modules installed X 0.01 A	=	+				
Valve Adapter	=	0.03 Amps				
valve Adapter	_	+				
Communication Node Power Consumption	=	0.01 Amps				
Communication rode Forter Consumption		+				
Total:		Amps				
Surge Compensation:	Χ	1.25				
Suggested External +24 VDC (Valves and Outputs) Fuse Value:		Amps				
Power Consumption – Power Connector Pin for Node and Inputs						
<u>Description</u>	,	<u>Current</u>				
<u> </u>						
Communication Node Power Consumption	=	0.07 Amps				
		+				
		Amps				
Total load current drawn by Sensor Devices from Discrete Inputs source	=	+				
		•				
Number of I/O modules installed X 0.08 A	=	Amps				
		·				
		+				
Total:		Amps				
Curas Companyation	X	1.25				
Surge Compensation:	^					
Suggested External Pin +24 VDC (Node and Inputs) Fuse Value:		Amps				

*Factory Default Settings



- The Node and Inputs Aux Power pins supply power to the node electronics. These pins must be powered at all times for communication node and Inputs to be functional.
- The internal electronic fuses exist to protect against damage due to catastrophic failure of internal components. External fuses are always recommended for protection against power supply failure, over-current conditions, etc.



4.7 Diagnostics

Communication Module LED Functions

Upon power up, the LEDs indicate the status of the unit. There are three LEDs on the G3 EtherNet node. These LEDs are described below.



LED Name	Color	Status	Description	
MODULE STATUS	Off	OFF	No power applied to +24V NODE/ IN.	
	Green	ON	Device operational. The module is operating correctly.	
		FLASHING	Standby. The module has not been configured.	
	Red	ON	Major fault. A major internal error has been detected.	
		FLASHING	Minor fault. A minor recoverable fault has been detected.	
			Self -Test Mode - An error has occurred in the initialization process.	
	Green Red	FLASHING	Self -Test Mode.	
NETWORK STATUS	Off	OFF	IP address has not been assigned to node or no power applied to	
			+24V NODE/ IN.	
	Green	ON	Connected. The module has established an EtherNet/IP™ connection.	
		FLASHING	No connection. There are no EtherNet/IP™ connections established to the	
			module.	
	Red	ON	Duplicate IP address. The module has detected that its IP address is	
			already being used elsewhere on the network	
		FLASHING	EtherNet/IP [™] connection has timed out. One or more of the connections	
			for which this module is the target has timed out.	
ACTIVITY/LINK	Green	OFF	No EtherNet connection is detected	
		ON	The module is connected to an EtherNet™ network	
		FLASHING	The LED flashes each time a packet is received or transmitted.	



Output Short Circuit Protection

G3 Output modules incorporate short circuit protection and diagnostics to identify short circuit, open coils and over temperature conditions. The diagnostics can be accessed within the user PLC program or the G3 EtherNet/ IP^{TM} node's integrated web page. Detailed information regarding these features can be found on page 147.

Output Type	Output State	Fault Condition	Status Bit
Valve Solenoid Coil Driver	ON	No Fault	0
	ON	Fault - Short Circuit, Over Temp/Over Current	1
Valve Solenoid Coil Driver	OFF	No Fault	0
	011	Fault - Open Load	1
Discrete Outputs	ON	No Fault	0
	ON	Fault - Short Circuit, Over Temp/Over Current	1



5. G3 Graphic Display

The G3 Communication and I/O modules feature an integrated graphic display used to configure parameters and display diagnostic information.



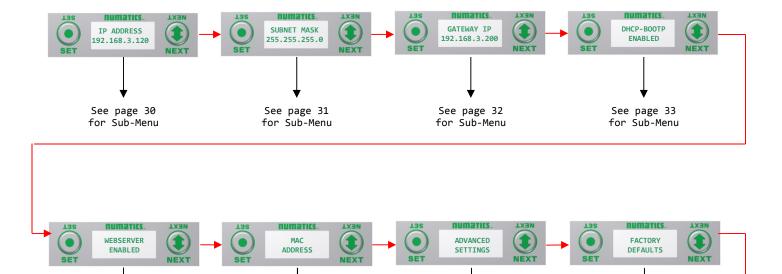
The graphic displays on the following page represent the main menu selections of the EtherNet/ IP^{TM} communication module (node).



5.1 Main Menu Structure

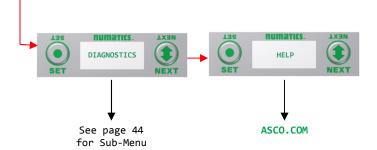
Use the NEXT button to scroll through the Main menu headings shown below. At this level pressing the SET button allows access the Sub-Menus. Please see the appropriate pages referenced below for further details and descriptions of the Sub-Menus. Note that many of these settings can also be adjusted via software with GSD file parameters.

NOTE: When a network I/O connection is established manual changes to node parameters are not allowed!



See page 38

for Sub-Menu



See page 35

for Sub-Menu





See page 34

for Sub-Menu

See page 43

for Sub-Menu

5.2 IP Address

IP ADDRESS 192.168.3.120 NEXT

Steps to Set IP Address

1. Press the SET button to enter the IP ADDRESS sub-menu.



Press the NEXT button to select the octet that you would like to change.

Press the SET button to change the value.



3. Press the SET button to scroll through the hundred, tens and ones digits of the octet.

Press the NEXT button to scroll through the valid digits (0-9). Press the SET button to advance through the octet. Press the NEXT button to advance to the next octet, scroll pass the fourth octet to accept the entire IP Address

Press the SET button to input the address shown on the display,







- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the IP Address shown on the display.
 - Selecting No will bring you back to the main Address menu.
 - Selecting Yes will take you to the following SAVE SETTINGS menu
- 6. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
 - a. Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
 - b. Selecting LATER will cause the new Address to be saved in temporary memory to allow you to make additional parameter changes before the node is reset. However, you must ACCEPT the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

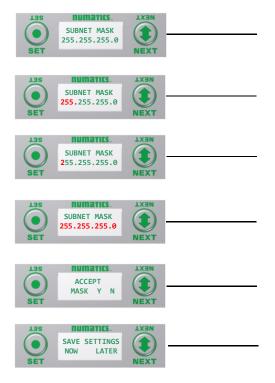
Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



- Factory default address is 192.168.3.120
- 0 and 255 are not valid for the fourth octet



5.3 Subnet Mask



Steps to Set Subnet Mask

- 1. Press the SET button to enter the Subnet Mask sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to select the octet that you would like to change.

Press the SET button to change the value.

3. Press the SET button to scroll through the hundred, tens and ones digits of the octet.

Press the NEXT button to scroll through the valid digits (0-9). Press the SET button to advance through the octet. Press the NEXT button to advance to the next octet, scroll pass the fourth octet to accept the entire Subnet Mask

- 4. Press the SET button to input the value shown on the display,
- 5. Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the Subnet Mask shown on the display.
 - Selecting No will bring you back to the main Subnet Mask menu.
 - Selecting Yes will take you to the following SAVE SETTINGS menu
- 6. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
 - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
 - d. Selecting LATER will cause the new Address to be saved in temporary memory to allow you to make additional parameter changes before the node is reset. However, you must ACCEPT the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

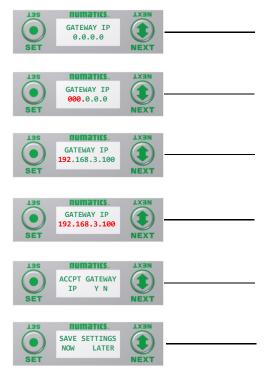
Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



Factory default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0



5.4 Gateway IP



Steps to Set Gateway IP

- 1. Press the SET button to enter the Gateway IP sub-menu.
- 2. Press the NEXT button to select the octet that you would like to change.

Press the SET button to change the value.

- Press the SET button to scroll through the hundred, tens and ones digits of the octet.
 - Press the NEXT button to scroll through the valid digits (0-9).
 - Press the SET button to advance through the octet.
 - Press the NEXT button to advance to the next octet, scroll pass the fourth octet to accept the entire Subnet Mask
- 4. Press the SET button to input the value shown on the display,
- 5. Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the Subnet Mask shown on the display.
 - e. Selecting No will bring you back to the main Subnet Mask
 - f. Selecting Yes will take you to the following SAVE SETTINGS menu
- 6. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
 - e. Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
 - f. Selecting LATER will cause the new Address to be saved in temporary memory to allow you to make additional parameter changes before the node is reset. However, you must ACCEPT the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

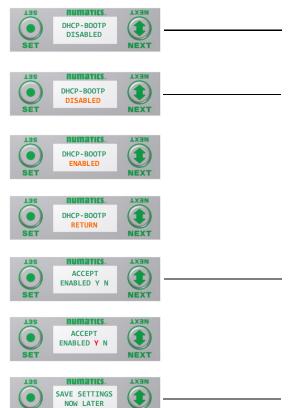




5.5 DHCP-BOOTP

This will allow the enabling / disabling of the DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol) and / BOOTP parameters. Enabling this parameter will allow the IP Address to be set via a BOOTP/DHCP server.

DHCP-BOOTP Steps



- 1. Press the SET button to enter the DHCP-BOOTP sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
 - a. ENABLED (Factory Default)
 - b. DISABLED
 - c. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection.
 - a. Selecting No will bring you back to the main
 - Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes menu.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

Apply Changes Steps

- 4. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
 - a. Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
 - Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

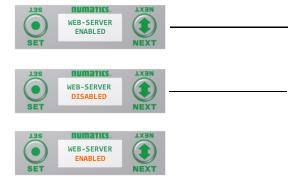




5.6 Web-Server

This will allow the enabling/disabling of the G3 Web Server.

Web-Server Steps



- 5. Press the SET button to enter the Web-Server sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
 - d. ENABLED (Factory Default)
 - e. DISABLED
 - f. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



WEB-SERVER







- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection.
 - c. Selecting No will bring you back to the main
 - Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes menu.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

Apply Changes Steps

- 8. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
 - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
 - d. Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



Factory default setting for WEB-SERVER is enabled.



5.7 MAC Address



MAC (Machine Access Control) Address

 The MAC Address is a fixed unique value that cannot be edited.

The actual MAC ADDR has an extra leading zero. The actual number in the example shown is 00-15-24-00-06-69

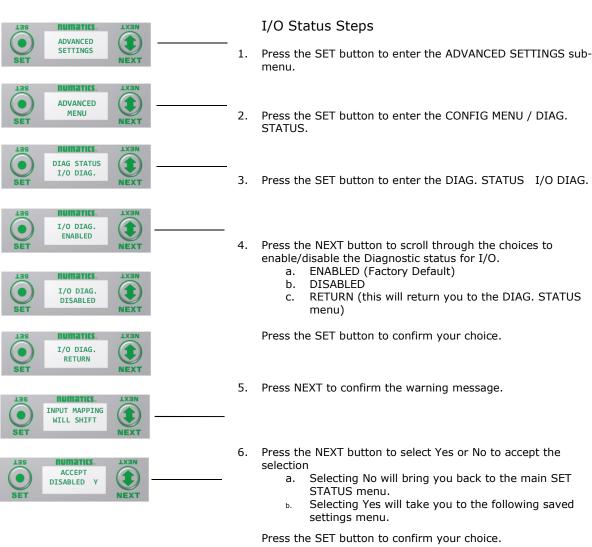


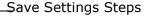
The MAC address is for reference and cannot be modified.



5.8 Advanced Settings - I/O Diag. Menu

This menu allows the enabling/disabling of all the I/O status bits. The I/O status bits include valve coil, discrete outputs, input short circuit, and alarm status bits. The default condition is Enabled





- 7. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
 - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
 - b. Selecting LATER will cause the new I/O STATUS selection to be saved in memory, you must Accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



NUMATICSSAVE SETTINGS

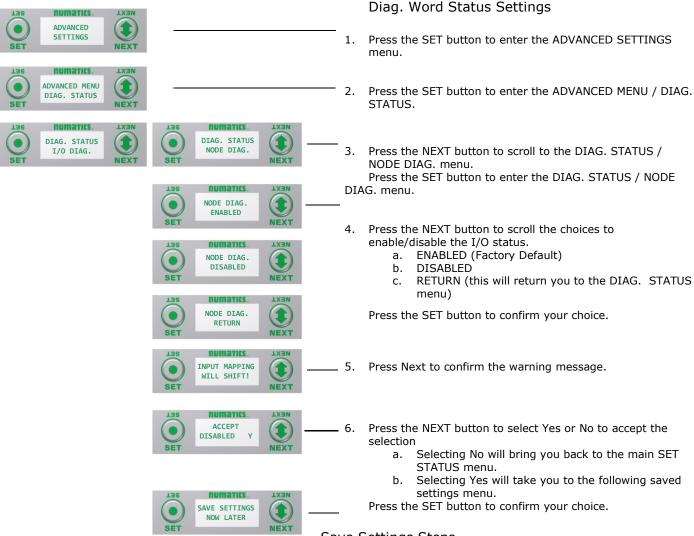
LATER

I/O Status Bits are diagnostic bits. They include the valve coil status bits, AUX Power status bits, and Short Circuit & Alarm status bits of various I/O modules.



5.9 Advanced Settings – Node Diagnostics (Diagnostic Word)

This menu allows the enabling/disabling of the diagnostic word status bits. The Diagnostic word bits include power status and sub-bus related status bits. Detail information regarding these bits can found on page 12-147. The diagnostic word comes enabled from the factory.



Save Settings Steps

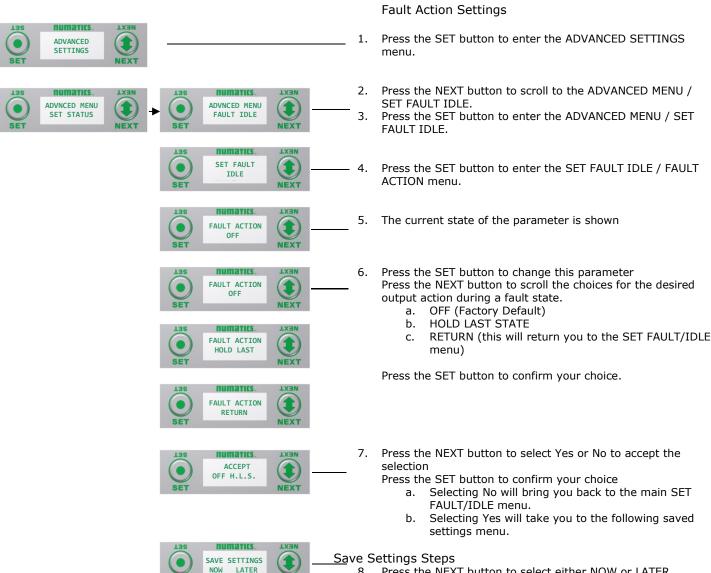
- 7. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
 - a. Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
 - b. Selecting LATER will cause the new NODE DIAG selection to be saved in memory, you must Accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



5.10 Advanced Settings - Comm. Fault

This will allow the enabling / disabling of the Fault Action parameter. The Fault Action parameter determines the behavior of the outputs during a communication fault. Please see page 133 for more details.



- 8. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER. Press the SET button to confirm your choice.
 - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting
 - b. Selecting LATER will cause the new FAULT ACTION selection to be saved in memory, you must Accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

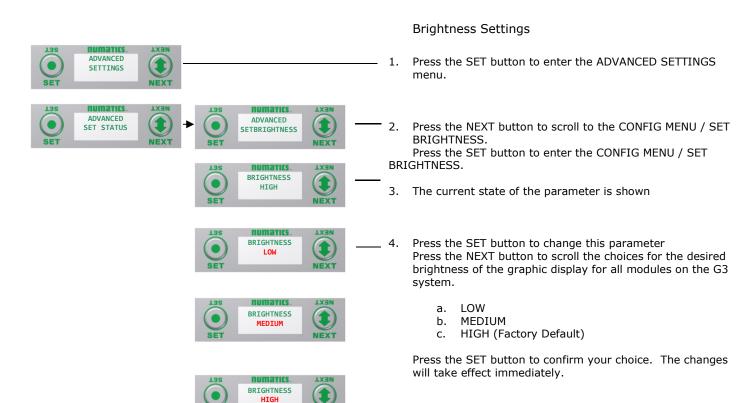
Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



Factory Default is FAULT ACTION OFF, See page 133 for more details.

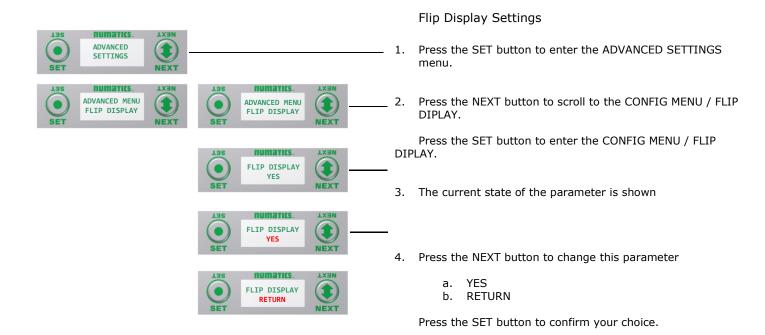


5.11 Advanced Settings - Brightness





5.12 Advanced Settings - Flip Display

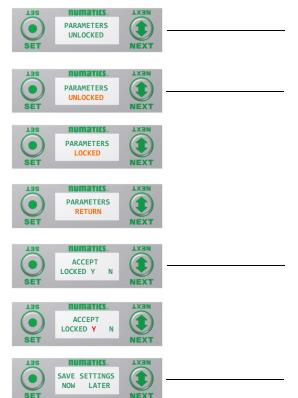




- This a global setting that affects all modules
- Each module, however, has its own setting if different settings are required.

5.13 Advanced Settings – Parameters Lock

PARAMETER Steps



- 1. Press the SET button to enter the Parameters sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
 - g. UNLOCKED (Factory Default)
 - h. LOCKED
 - i. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

By choosing LOCKED, all settable parameters will be read only via the graphic display. UNLOCKED, the factory default, will allow all parameters to be settable through the graphic display.

Please note that all parameters are read only, regardless of this setting, when an IO connection between the communication module and the controller (PLC) is present

- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection.
 - Selecting No will bring you back to the main menu.
 - Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes menu.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

Apply Changes Steps

- 4. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
 - e. Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
 - f. Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



5.14 Advanced Settings – Configuration Lock

















Configuration Lock Settings

- Press the SET button to enter the ADVANCED SETTINGS menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll to the CONFIG MENU / CONFIG. LOCK.

Press the SET button to enter the CONFIG MENU / CONFIG. LOCK.

- 3. The current state of the parameter is shown
- 4. Press the SET button to change this parameter
- 5. Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable

the feature.

- a. UNLOCKED (Factory Default)
- b. LOCKED
- RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

- 6. Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection.
 - g. Selecting No will bring you back to the main menu.
 - h. Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes menu.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

Apply Changes Steps

- 7. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
 - g. Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
 - Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

Note;

By choosing LOCKED, the manifold configurations will be stored in memory and the PHYSICAL manifold configuration cannot be changed. UNLOCKED, the manifold configurations can be changed without errors.



5.15 Factory Defaults

Factory Default Settings 1. Press the SET button to enter the FACTORY DEFAULTS sub-menu. 2. Press the SET button to change this parameter 3. Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No. a. Selecting No will bring you back to the main FACTORY DEFAULTS menu.

 Selecting RETUTN will bring you back to the main FACTORY DEFAULS menu

Selecting Yes will cause the node to reset and return all parameters to the factory default

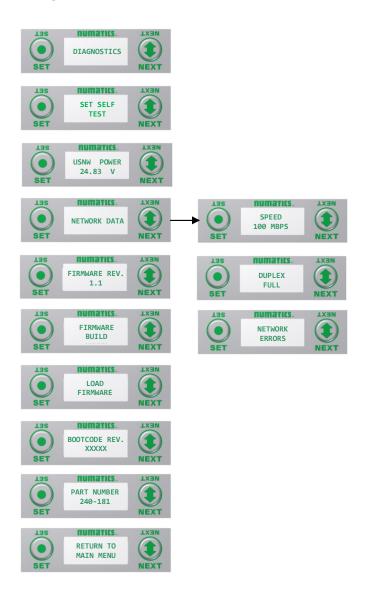
Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

conditions.

FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS			
Description	Default		
IP Address	192.168.3.120		
Sub Net Mask	255.255.255.0		
DHCP Boot-P	Enabled		
Web Server	Enabled		
Diagnostic Word	Enabled		
I/O Diagnostic Status	Enabled		
Fault Action	Reset to All Off		
Idle Action	Reset to All Off		
Brightness	High		
Parameters	Unlocked		



5.16 Diagnostics



- 1. All diagnostic information is read only
- 2. Press the SET button to enter DIAGNOSTICS sub-menu.
- 3. Press the NEXT button to scroll through the main diagnostic menu choices.
 - a. SET SELF TEST
 - i. Please see following page for description
 - b. USNW POWER
 - i. Displays voltage level of unswitched power (Node & Inputs)
 - c. NETWORK DATA
 - i. Displays the network diagnostics
 - d. FIRMWARE REVISION
 - i. For service personnel
 - e. FIRMWARE BUILD
 - i. For service personnel
 - f. LOAD FIRMWARE
 - i. For service personnel
 - g. BOOTCODE REVISION
 - i. For service personnel
 - h. BOOTCODE BUILD
 - i. For service personnel
 - i. PART NUMBER
 - i. Displays replacement part number of module
 - j. RETURN TO MAIN MENU



The UNSW POWER screen indicates the voltage level present on the UNSW (Node & Input) power pins (Pin No. 2 and 3) of the main power connector.



5.17 Diagnostics - Self Test Mode

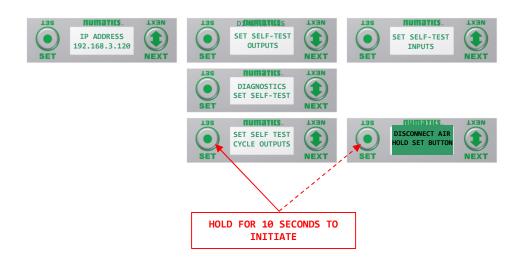
An internal diagnostic tool can be enabled on the communication module (node) using the graphic display. This tool allows the user to confirm that all of the inputs and outputs on the manifold and any of the distributed modules are fully functional without needing a network connection or controller. There are two test modes that the user can choose. The "CYCLE OUTPUTS" test mode tests all the outputs by sequentially turning them ON and OFF for approximately .5 seconds. The "INPUTS" test mode tests the inputs by causing all of the outputs to toggle between even and odd values when any input is made. The Self Test mode on the communication module (node) is a global setting and will test all devices connected on the main manifold as well as any distributed modules and/or manifolds.

Similar "local" self tests are available on all output modules types. This "local" self test function allows any output module to be tested without affecting any other output module.

NOTE: The number of Valve outputs that are tested are affected by the I/O size settings.

To use the Self Test Mode, the user must first set some initial conditions. Follow these steps to initiate the self-test mode.

- 1) Disconnect Air and Communication from the manifold!
- 2) Select the desired test mode using the graphic display. (See example below)
- Starting at the Home Screen, navigate the menus by selecting the NEXT button until the DIAGNOSTICS menu is shown.
- Select the SET button to access the DIAGNOSTICS menu and then again to access the SELF-TEST menu
- 5) Push NEXT to navigate to the desired test mode: CYCLE OUTPUTS or INPUTS
- Push SET to select the desired test mode.
- 7) A message will appear: DISCONNECT AIR HOLD SET BUTTON
- B) Hold the SET button down for approximately 10 seconds to enable the test. The Display will flash the above message while the button is pushed.
- 9) When the display stops flashing, the self-test mode will run and the Module Status LED will flash Red/Green while the display shows SELF TEST RUNNING.
- 10) The global self-test mode can only be disabled by disconnecting the power to the manifold.





Numatics G3 Series EtherNet/IP™ Technical Manual

5.18 Error Messages

The following are automatic error messages that are displayed when specific faults occur during operation:

SUB-BUS SHORT NEXT	Displayed when a short circuit condition is detected on the Sub-Bus power lines
SHORTED COIL NO. X NEXT	Displayed when a short circuit condition is detected on a valve coil
NUMBER X NEXT	Displayed when a Sub-Bus module that had been previously installed becomes absent from the configuration
VALVE/ OUTPUT POWER OFF NEXT	Displayed when +24 VDC on Pin No. 1 and No. 4 (Valves and Outputs) is not present or below 22 VDC
UNSWITCHED POWER LOW	Displayed when +24 VDC on Pin No. 2 and No. 3 (Node and Inputs) is below 19 VDC



6. ARM - Auto Recovery Module (Optional)

The Auto Recovery Module (ARM) is an optional memory module that is installed between the node and the valve adapter module and is used to preserve the manifold system parameters even during catastrophic failure. During the power-up process it reads the configuration of the manifold, including any user settable parameters of I/O modules, and stores the information in its non-volatile memory. Once the information is stored, it automatically disconnects itself from the power circuits while still mechanically attached to the manifold.

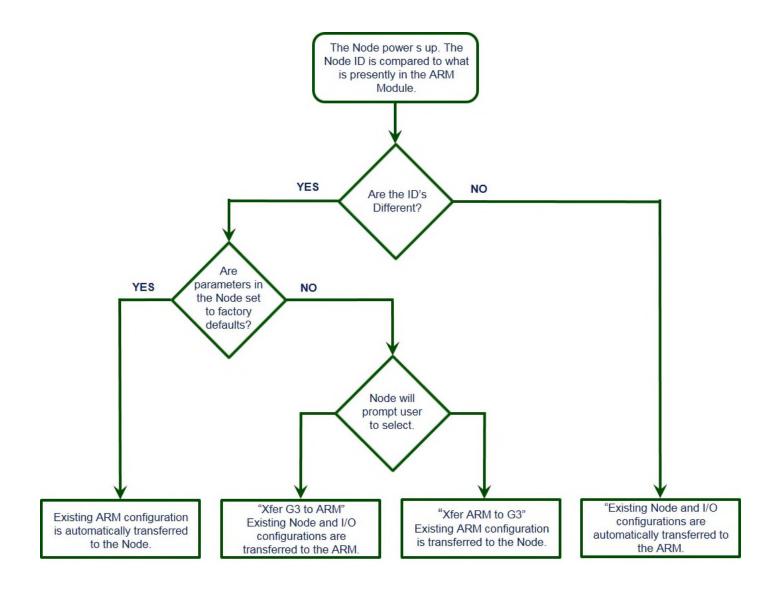




Description	Replacement Part Number	
Complete ARM Module	240-182	



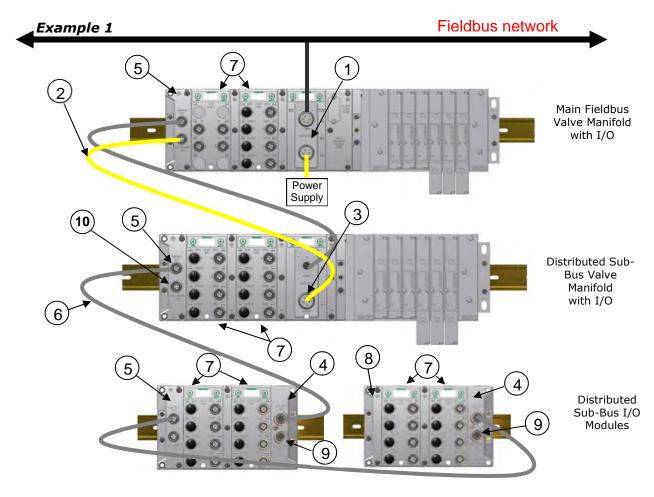
6.1 ARM process flowchart





7. Distribution

Distribution of I/O capability can be easily achieved with the G3 platform by means of Sub-Bus modules. I/O modules, valve manifolds and/or a combination of both can be simply separated from the main manifold and distributed via a sub-bus communication cable. The G3 platform uses the same I/O modules on the main manifold as on the distribution chain. The main communication module can control up to 16 I/O modules either on the main manifold or as part of the sub-bus connections. To utilize the sub-bus distribution capabilities the Sub-Bus OUT module must be located on the end of the main communication manifold and a Terminator Module must be located at the last sub-bus component.



Detail No.	Description			
1	Main Communication Module (Node)			
2	Sub-Bus Power Cable (Can be connected to separate power supply for isolated power control)			
3	Distributed Sub-Bus Valve Module			
4	Sub-Bus IN module			
5	Sub-Bus OUT module			
6	Sub-Bus Communication Cable			
7	I/O Modules			
8	Terminator Module (Used to terminate sub-bus)			
9	Aux. Power IN (Used to augment Input power and/or supply power to Output modules)			
10	Aux. Power OUT (Can be used to supply power to distributed modules)			

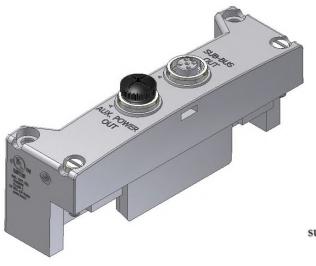


7.1 Sub-Bus Distribution Modules

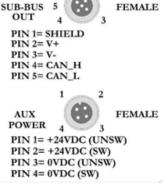
SUB-BUS OUT Module

- Used only when distributing the Sub-Bus to another assembly is required.
- SUB-BUS OUT 5 pin M12 female communication connector.
 - Used to distribute the Sub-Bus to the next Sub-Bus assembly.
 - o Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of the next module.
- AUX. POWER OUT 4 pin M12 female aux. power connector.
 - Optional connection.
 - Used as a convenience way to distribute the power connection to the next Sub-Bus assembly.

Description	Replacement Part Number
Sub-Bus OUT module with Din Rail Mounting	240-244
Sub-Bus OUT module without Din Rail Mounting	240-183





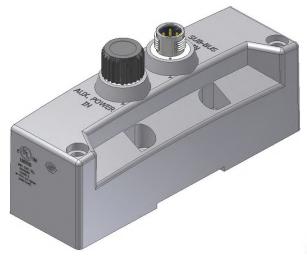




SUB-BUS IN Modules

- Used to distribute I/O assemblies that do not have valves
 - Must be installed to the right of the I/O modules.
 - SUB-BUS IN 5 pin M12 male communication connector.
 - o Must be connected to the Sub-Bus Out connector of the previous assembly
 - o Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of module
 - AUX. POWER IN 4 pin M12 male connector.
 - Aux power is required for Output modules. This connection also allows Output power to be interrupted to all Output modules connected to this module.
 - o Aux. Power is optional for Inputs. Power from the SUN-BUS IN connection is used to power sensors but can be augmented, if necessary, by adding additional power to this connector.

Description	Part Number
Sub-Bus IN module with Din Rail Mounting	240-246
Sub-Bus IN module without Din Rail Mounting	240-185









Terminator Module

- Used to terminate SUB-BUS connections.
 - o Must be installed on the left side of the last Sub-Bus module.

Description	Part Number
Terminator Module with Din Rail Mounting	240-245
Terminator Module without Din Rail Mounting	240-184







• The terminator must be installed in the G3 system for proper operation.



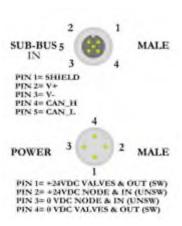
Sub-Bus Valve Module

- COMM 5 pin M12 male Sub-Bus input communication connector.
 - o Must be connected to the SUB-BUS OUT connector of the previous assembly
 - o Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of module
- POWER 4 pin MINI male power connector.
 - o Power is required for Outputs
- Used to distribute Valves on the Sub-Bus.
 - o Can accepts discrete I/O module to allow a Sub-Bus Valve manifold with I/O

Description	Part Number	
Sub-Bus Valve Module	240-241	









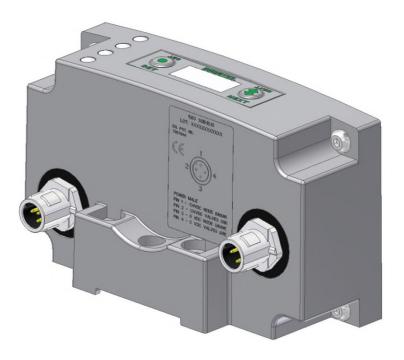
The Sub-bus Valve Module drops 0.8 VDC across the module



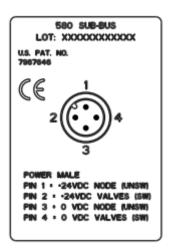
Sub-Bus Valve Module (without distribution and I/O)

- COMM 5 pin M12 male Sub-Bus communication connector.
 - o Must be connected to the SUB-BUS OUT connector of the previous assembly
 - o Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of module
- POWER 4 pin M12 male power connector.
 - o Power is required for Outputs
- Used to distribute Valves on the Sub-Bus.
 - o Does not allow connection to G3 I/O modules.

Description	Part Number	
Sub-Bus Valve Module without I/O	P580AEDS4010A00	









The Sub-bus Valve Module drops 0.8 VDC across the module



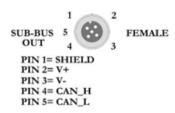
Sub-Bus Hub Module

The G3 HUB module allows for branch distribution from the I/O side of the G3 System and can be integrated into the existing G3 Series Sub-Bus configuration. Auto Addressing allows for trouble free set up and configuration. Input, Output, as well as Valve manifolds can be attached to the available four Branches on a HUB module. Each G3 System can support up to two HUB modules, allowing for maximum flexibility. The HUB module is transparent to the I/O side of the G3 and does not reserve one of the potential sixteen positions.

- Used when distributing the Sub-Bus to another assembly.
- SUB-BUS OUT 5 pin M12 female communication connector.
 - o Used to distribute the Sub-Bus to the next Sub-Bus assembly.
 - o Carries 24 VDC power (up to 3A) for electronics of the next module.
- Cannot connect a Hub to a branch of another Hub
- Each branch of the Hub can accommodate a sub-bus cable length of 30 meters.

Description	Part Number	
Sub-Bus Hub Module	240-326	







7.2 Sub-Bus Cables



M12 STRAIGHT 5 PIN MALE TO FEMALE SUB-BUS CABLE - SHIELDED

TA0501MGDTC0571P – 1 Meter TA0505MGDTC0571P – 5 Meter TA0510MGDTC0571P – 10 Meter



M12 STRAIGHT 5 PIN FEMALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TC05F2000000071V - PG9



M12 STRAIGHT 5 PIN MALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TA05F2000000071V - PG9



M12 90° 5 PIN FEMALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TD05F2000000071V - PG9



M12 90° 5 PIN MALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TB05F2000000071V - PG9



BULK SUB-BUS CABLE

*NOTE

000550MGD0005000 – 50 Meter Length 0005A0MGD0005000 – 100 Meter Length

* Note:

Length of field wired cables should not exceed the maximum length of 30 meters for total sub-bus communications link. See appropriate technical manual for sub-bus length requirements. The cable assemblies and Bulk cable are the only approved cables for the G3 Sub-Bus link. See technical document TDG3SBWD1-0EN for proper installation and wiring of field wireable connectors.

Technical Data

TECHNICAL DATA	CHNICAL DATA CABLE CONNECTORS		BULK CABLE	
Molded Body / Insert	TPU	Zinc - Nickel Plated	N/A	
Coupling Nut	Zinc - Nickel Plated	Brass - Nickel Plated	N/A	
Cable Jacket Material	PUR	N/A	Gray RAL 7001	
Cable O.D.	6.70 mm	N/A	6.70 mm	
Voltage Rating (Nominal)	60 Volts	60 Volts	60 Volts	
Current Rating	4.0 Amps	4.0 Amps	4.0 Amps	
Degree of Protection	IP65 (mated)	IP65 (mated)	IP65 (terminated)	
Operating Temperature	-40° C - 80° C	-40° C - 80° C	-20° C - 75° C	
Conductor Gauge	24 AWG Signal 22 AWG Power	26-20 AWG 24 AV 22 AW		
Bend Radius	67 mm	N/A	67 mm	
No. of Bending Cycles	5 Million	N/A	5 Million	



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G3 Sub-Bus Field Wiring Directions

The purpose of this document is to instruct the end user of the proper wiring techniques required to make a G3 Sub-Bus cable from the available bulk cable and field wireable ends. The effectiveness of the resultant assembly remains on the end user and may have bearing on the proper functionality of the G3 Sub-Bus operation; please follow the manufacturer's Cable Assembly Procedure properly.



Cable Assembly Procedure

Step No.1 Cut cable to desired length.

Step No.2 Run cable through Pressure Nut and Housing.

Step No.3 Strip cable jacket back 28mm (1.10") for straight connectors and 35mm (1.38") for 90°

connectors.

Step No.4 Remove shielding from end of wires back approximately 16mm (.630"). Step No.5 Apply shielding foil provided, around the shortened end of the shielding. Step No.6 Strip individual conductors back approximately 11mm (.433").

Step No.7 Push stranded wires into appropriate colored terminal.
Step No.8 Attach the connector body onto the housing and tighten.

Step No.9 Attach the pressure nut on the back side and tighten

Step No.10 Confirm Continuity between all pins.

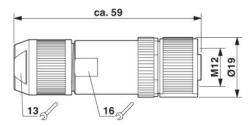
1 = Shield Wire (must be connected)

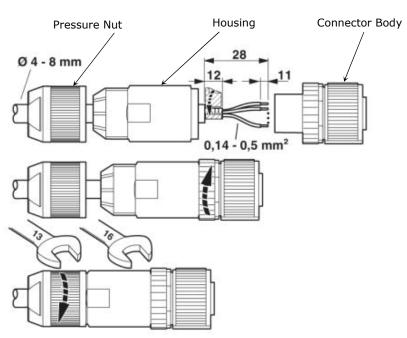
2 = Red

3 = Black

4 = White

5 = Blue







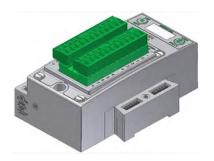
8. Digital I/O Module

8.1 Digital I/O Module Usage

The maximum number of modules that can be used on the Discrete I/O side of the manifold is 16. These modules can be centralized on the main fieldbus manifold, distributed or a combination of both. Modules can be connected in any combination of inputs, outputs and specialty up to the physical limitation of 16 modules.

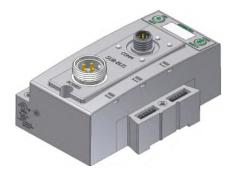
Input Module Types





Output Module Types





Input/Output Module Types



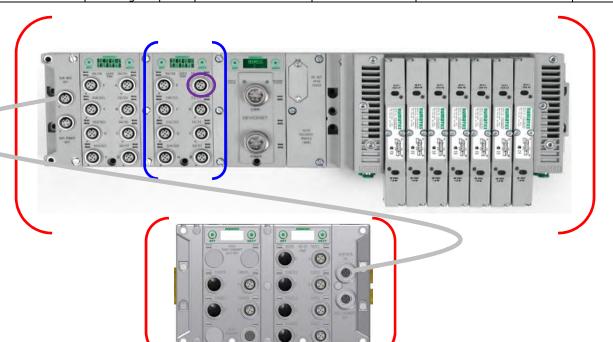
Valve Side Output Module Types





8.2 I/O Module Technical Data

Module No.	Description	Connector Type	Current Limitation for Module	Current Limitation for connector	Current Limitation for manifold assy.
240-203	16 PNP Inputs	Terminal Strip	1.2A	.30A for each	
240-204	16 NPN Inputs	Terrilliai Strip	1.2A	+24VDC terminal	
240-205	16 PNP Inputs	M12	1.2A	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	
240-206	8 PNP Inputs	M12	1.2A	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	
240-207	16 PNP Outputs	M12	1.2A	.50A (Pin 3 to Pin 2/4)	1
240-208	8 PNP Outputs	M12	1.2A	.50A (Pin 3 to Pin 2/4)	4A for +24
240-209	16 NPN Inputs	M12	1.2A	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	Valves and
240-210	8 NPN Inputs	M12	1.2A	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	Outputs
240-211	8 PNP Input and 8 PNP Outputs	M12	1.2A	.50A / output connector (Pin 3 to Pin 2/4) .15A / input connector (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	4A for +24 Node and Inputs
240-212 240-213 240-214 240-215	Analog I/O modules	M12	1.2A	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	
240-300	8 High Current Outputs	M12	8A (From Aux. Power Conn.)	2.0A / output connector (1.0A Pin 3 to Pin 2) (1.0A Pin 3 to Pin 4)	N/A
240-307	2 Analog Inputs and 2 High Current Analog Outputs	M12	4A (From Aux. Power Conn.)	2.0A (Pin 3 to Pin 4)	N/A
240-311	RTD	M12	1.2A	N/A	4A for +24
240-316	8 PNP Inputs	Terminal Strip	1.2A	.30A for each +24VDC terminal	Valves and Outputs
240-323	16 PNP Inputs	Terminal Strip	1.2A	.30A for each +24VDC terminal	4A for +24 Node
240-330	16 PNP Outputs	Terminal Strip	1.2A	.50A / output connector	and Inputs
240-363	4 Analog Inputs and 4 High Current Analog Outputs	M12	8A (From Aux. Power Conn.)	2.0A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	N/A

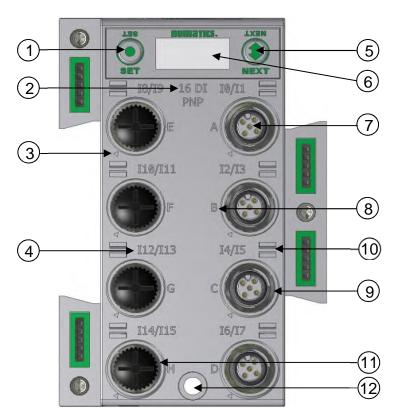




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8.3 I/O Module Descriptions and Menus

Detail No.	Description
1	"Set" Button – used to navigate through user menus and set parameters
2	Module Function (I/O Type)
3	Alignment arrow for SPEEDCON connector
4	Bit Designation for I/O
5	"Next" Button – used to navigate through user menus and set parameters
6	Graphic Display
7	5 Pin M12 female I/O connector
8	Connector designation
9	Metal threads for SPEEDCON connector
10	Slot for text ID tags
11	Dust Cover
12	Mounting hole



NOTE All dust covers must be tightened to a torque of 4-6 in. lbs. to maintain the IP65 integrity.



Numatics G3 Series EtherNet/IP™ Technical Manual

8.4 Digital Input Modules

One Digital Input per Connector – M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-210	NPN (Sinking)	YES – Visual	VEC Ontional	0
240-206	PNP (Sourcing)	TES - VISUAI	YES – Optional	ŏ

	Input Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0		
X+1 (Selectable)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status		







FEMALE

PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW) PIN 4= INPUT 1



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Two Digital Inputs per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-209	NPN (Sinking)	YES – Visual	YES – Optional	16
240-205	PNP (Sourcing)	TLS - VISUAI	1L3 - Optional	16

	Input Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0		
X+1 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8		
X+2 (Selectable)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status		







FEMALE

PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= INPUT 2 PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW) PIN 4= INPUT 1



Sixteen Digital Inputs - Terminal Strip Modules

Specifications

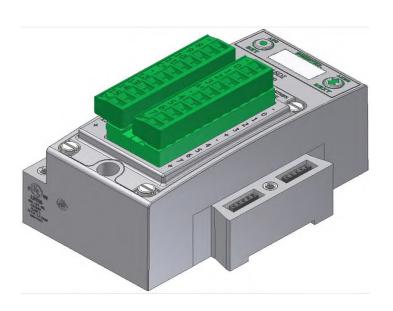
- Wire Range: 12 to 24 AWG

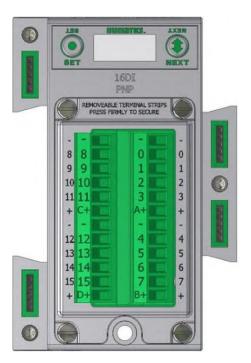
- Strip Length: 7mm

- Tightening Torque: 0.5 Nm

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-203	PNP (Sourcing)	YES	4 user enabled bits monitor Short Circuits	
240-204	NPN (Sinking)	Visual and Logical Status Bits	on the four different + voltage connections of terminal strip	16

	Input Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0		
X+1 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8		
X+2 (Selectable)	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	SCP Status 1 = Fault +D	SCP Status 1 = Fault +C	SCP Status 1 = Fault +B	SCP Status 1 = Fault +A		







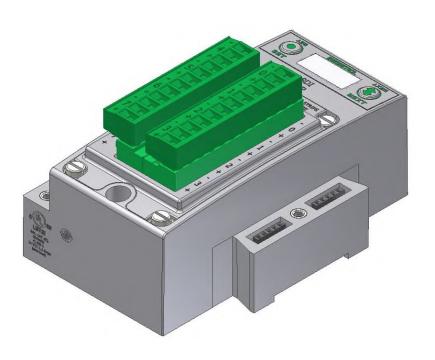
Eight Digital Inputs – Terminal Strip Modules

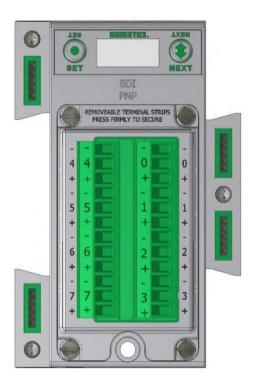
Specifications

Wire Range: 12 to 24 AWGStrip Length: 7mmTightening Torque: 0.5 Nm

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-316	PNP (Sourcing)	YES	YES	8

	Input Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0		
X+1 (Selectable)	Input 7 SCP Status	Input 6 SCP Status	Input 5 SCP Status	Input 4 SCP Status	Input 3 SCP Status	Input 2 SCP Status	Input 1 SCP Status	Input 0 SCP Status		







Intrinsically safe [Ex ia] NAMUR Compatible Input Module

One Digital Input per Connector - M12 Female

Input module is for use with NAMUR certified intrinsically safe (IS) sensors. The module can be placed in any G3 I/O position available, but must be used in conjunction with appropriate clips with partition plates (see picture on page 67). This module is for use with (IS) sensors (certified to EN 60947-5-6) where the sensor is placed within the hazardous area, (e.g. ATEX 0-20, 1-21, and 2-22). This [Ex ia] module is part of the G3 electronics platform, which is designed to reside outside of the hazardous environment or in Zone 2-22, inside of a cabinet with appropriate ingress protection. The partition plate clips, used between standard G3 modules and [Ex ia] modules, are required to maintain ATEX approval. The 8.2 V sensor supply for each input connector is short circuit protected.

Part Numbers and Mapping

Module Part No.	I/O Ty	ype Short Circuit /C Protect		•		Short Circuit /Open Ci Present Status Bits		Input Points
240-320	NAM	JR	YES - Visual		YE	YES - Optional		8
Input Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
X+1 (Selectable)	Conn. H SC Status	Conn. G SC Status	Conn. F SC Status	Conn. E SC Status	Conn. D SC Status	Conn. C SC Status	Conn. E SC Statu	
X+2 (Selectable)	Conn. H Open Status	Conn. G Open Status	Conn. F Open Status	Conn. E Open Status	Conn. D Open Status	Conn. C Open Status	Conn. E Open Status	Open

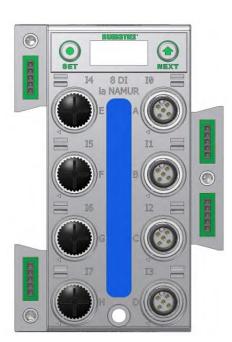




FEMALE PIN 1 = SENSOR + PIN 2 = SENSOR -

PIN 3 = Not Connected PIN 4 = Not Connected

PIN 5 = Not Connected

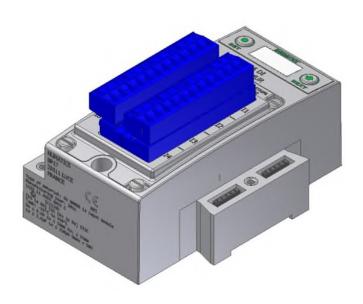




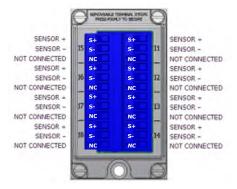
Intrinsically safe [Ex ia] NAMUR Compatible Input terminal strip module

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Protection	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Present Status Bits	Input Points
240-322	NAMUR	YES - Visual	YES - Optional	8

	Input Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0		
X+1 (Selectable)	Conn. H SC Status	Conn. G SC Status	Conn. F SC Status	Conn. E SC Status	Conn. D SC Status	Conn. C SC Status	Conn. B SC Status	Conn. A SC Status		
X+2 (Selectable)	Conn. H Open Status	Conn. G Open Status	Conn. F Open Status	Conn. E Open Status	Conn. D Open Status	Conn. C Open Status	Conn. B Open Status	Conn. A Open Status		









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Intrinsically safe [Ex ia] Support Modules

Mechanical isolation between standard and [Ex ia] modules is mandatory to fulfill ATEX certification. Clips with Partition Plates are available to achieve the required isolation.



G3 [Ex ia] Clip 240-317



G3 [Ex ia] Sub-Bus Out 240-318



G3 [Ex ia] Sub-Bus In 240-319



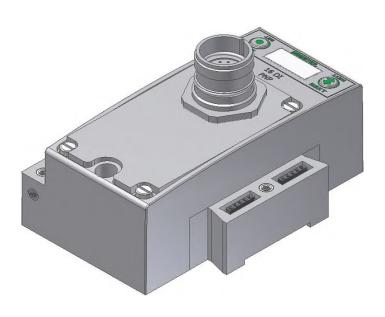
19 Pin M23 Input Module

The 19 Pin M23 Input module is for use with any Input block available from Phoenix Contact, Turck, Brad Harrison, etc. It can also be used with a single ended 19 Pin Cable.

Part Numbers and Mapping

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Protection	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Present Status Bits	Input Points
240-323	Digital	YES - Visual	YES - Optional	16

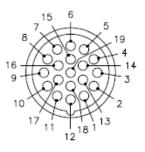
Input Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X	Input								
(Required)	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
X+1	Input								
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
X+2	Short								
(Selectable)	Circuit								





Pin Out Information

Pin 1 = Input 14 Pin 2 = Input 10 Pin 3 = Input6 Pin 4 = Input 3 Pin 5 = Input 2 Pin 6 = 0 VDC Pin 7 = Input 1 Pin 8 = Input 5 Pin 9 = Input 9	Pin 11 = Input 12 Pin 12 = P.E. Pin 13 = Input 11 Pin 14 = Input 7 Pin 15 = Input 0 Pin 16 = Input 4 Pin 17 = Input 8 Pin 18 = Input 15 Pin 19 = + 24 VDC
Pin 9 = Input 9 Pin 10 = Input 13	Pin 19 = + 24 VDC





8.5 Digital Output Modules

One Digital Output per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points
240-208	PNP (Sourcing)	YES – Visual	YES (8) - Optional	8

Output Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Output 7	Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0
			Inp	out Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Х	Output 7 Status	Output 6 Status	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status







FEMALE

PIN 1= +24VDC (SW) PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (SW) PIN 4= OUTPUT 1



Two Digital Outputs per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points
240-207	PNP (Sourcing)	YES - Visual	YES (8) - Optional	16

	Output Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Required)	Output 7	Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0	
X+1 (Required)	Output 15	Output 14	Output 13	Output 12	Output 11	Output 10	Output 9	Output 8	
			In	put Mapping					
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Selectable)	Output 7 Status	Output 6 Status	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status	
X+1 (Selectable)	Output 15 Status	Output 14 Status	Output 13 Status	Output 12 Status	Output 11 Status	Output 10 Status	Output 9 Status	Output 8 Status	







PIN 1= +24VDC (SW) PIN 2= OUTPUT 2 PIN 3= 0VDC (SW) PIN 4= OUTPUT 1



Sixteen Digital Outputs – Terminal Strip Modules

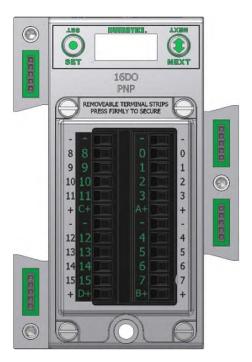
Specifications

Wire Range: 12 to 24 AWGStrip Length: 7mmTightening Torque: 0.5 Nm

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points	
240-330	PNP (Sourcing)	YES	YES	16	

	Output Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
Х	Output 7	Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0		
X+1	Output 15	Output 14	Output 13	Output 12	Output 11	Output 10	Output 9	Output 8		
			I	nput Mapping						
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Selectable)	Output 7 Status	Output 6 Status	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status		
X (Selectable)	Output 15 Status	Output 14 Status	Output 13 Status	Output 12 Status	Output 11 Status	Output 10 Status	Output 9 Status	Output 8 Status		







Two Digital High Current Outputs per Connector - M12 Female Modules

The high current output module is to be used with output devices requiring between 0.5 and 1.0 Amps. Each connector incorporates two outputs that are capable of sourcing 1.0 Amp per output.

Module Part No.		I/O Type		2	Short Circuit Protection		Short Circuit Protection Status Bits		Output Points
240-300			PNP (Sourci	ng)	YES - \	/isual	YES (8) -	Optional	8
				0	utput Mapping				
ВҮТЕ	Bit 7		Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Output	: 7	Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0
				I	nput Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7		Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Selectable)	Output Statu		Output 6 Status	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status







PIN 1= +24VDC (SW) PIN 2= OUTPUT 2 PIN 3= 0VDC (SW) PIN 4= OUTPUT 1



Pin 1 = +24 VDC (For Conn A, B) Pin 2 = +24 VDC (For Conn C, D) Pin 3 = 0 VDC (For Conn A, B, C, D) Pin 4 = 0 VDC (For Conn A, B, C, D)



8.6 Digital Input/Output Modules

Two Digital I/O per Connector - 12mm Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points	Input Points
240-211	PNP (Sourcing)	YES - Visual	YES (8) - Optional	8	8

			Outpu	ıt Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Output 7	Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0
Input Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
X+1 (Selectable)	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status
X+2 (Selectable)	Output 7 Status Bit	Output 6 Status Bit	Output 5 Status Bit	Output 4 Status Bit	Output 3 Status Bit	Output 2 Status Bit	Output 1 Status Bit	Output 0 Status Bit







CONNECTORS E, F, G, & H CONNECTORS A, B, C, & D

PIN 1= +24VDC (SW) PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW)
PIN 2= OUTPUT 2 PIN 2= INPUT 2
PIN 3= 0VDC (SW) PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW)
PIN 4= OUTPUT 1 PIN 4= INPUT 1



One Analog Input + One Analog Output per Connector - M12 Female Modules

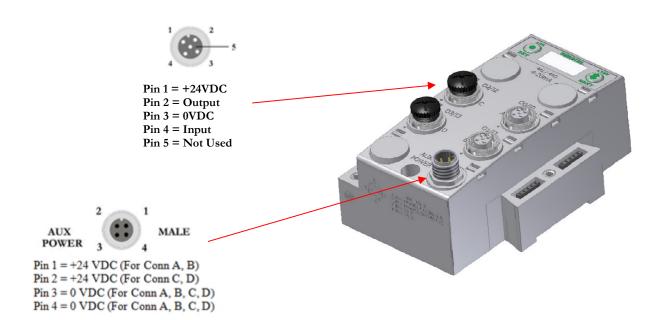
Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit / Power Present Status Bits	Input Channels	Output Channels
240-363	4-20 mA	YES	YES (4) – Selectable	4	4

Output Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Required)	Output No.	Output No.	Output No.	Output No.	Output No.	Output No.	Output No.	Output No. 1 (LSB)	
X+1 (Required)	Output No. 1 (MSB)	Output No. 1							
X+2 (Required)	Output No.	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2 (LSB)	
X+3 (Required)	Output No. 2 (MSB)	Output No. 2							
X+4 (Required)	Output No.	Output No.	Output No.	Output No.	Output No.	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3 (LSB)	
X+5 (Required)	Output No. 3 (MSB)	Output No.							
X+6 (Required)	Output No.	Output 4	Output No.	Output No. 4 (LSB)					
X+7 (Required)	Output No. 4 (MSB)	Output 4	Output No. 4	Output No.					
			Iı	nput Mapping					
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Required)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1 (LSB)	
X+1 (Required)	Input No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1							
X+2 (Required)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2 (LSB)	
X+3 (Required)	Input No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2							
X+4 (Required)	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1 (LSB)	
X+5 (Required)	Input No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 1					
X+6 (Required)	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2 (LSB)	
X+7 (Required)	Input No. 4 (MSB)	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 2					



Module Part No.	Signal Type Short Circuit Protection		Short Circuit / Power Present Status Bits	Input Channels	Output Channels	
240-363	4-20 mA	YES	YES (4) - Selectable	4	4	

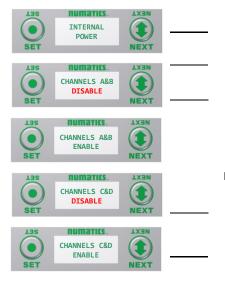
	Input Mapping (continued)									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X+8 (Selectable)	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Power/ Short Status for Conn. D	Power/ Short Status for Conn. C	Power/ Short Status for Conn. B	Power/ Short Status for Conn. A		
X+9 (Selectable)	High Alarm for Conn. D Input	Low Alarm for Conn. D Input	High Alarm for Conn. C Input	Low Alarm for Conn. C Input	High Alarm for Conn. B Input	Low Alarm for Conn. B Input	High Alarm for Conn. A Input	Low Alarm for Conn. A Input		
X+10 (Selectable)	High Alarm for Conn. D Output	Low Alarm for Conn. D Output	High Alarm for Conn. C Output	Low Alarm for Conn. C Output	High Alarm for Conn. B Output	Low Alarm for Conn. B Output	High Alarm for Conn. A Output	Low Alarm for Conn. A Output		





Internal or Aux. Power Select (240-363 Only)

Analog devices connected to the 240-363 can be powered from the Aux. Power supply port (Internal Power Disabled) or from the module backplane (Internal Power Enabled). This is selected through the "Internal Power Menu" as shown. Channels A/B and C/D are controlled independently.



Internal Power Settings

- Press the SET button to enter the INTERNAL POWER
 menu
- 2. CHANNEL A & B DISABLE
- Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
 - j. ENABLED (Factory Default)
 - k. DISABLED
 - RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice

- 4. CHANNEL C & D DISABLE
- 5. Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
 - m. ENABLED (Factory Default)
 - n. DISABLED
 - RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice



Power Source	Current Limitation for Module	Current Limitation for Connector	
Aux Power	8A (From Aux. Power Conn.)	2.0A / output connector (2.0A Pin 1 to Pin 3)	
Internal Power	1.2A (from Backplane)	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	

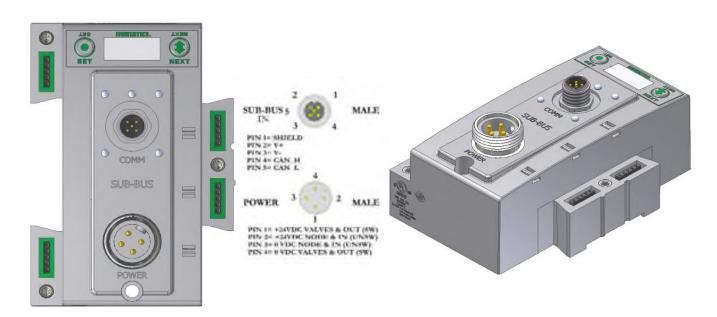


8.7 Sub-bus Valve Module

Used to control a distributed valve manifold through the Sub-Bus. See page 53 for more information.

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points
240-241	NPN (Sinking)	YES - Visual	YES (32) - Optional	32

			Outp	ut Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Valve Coil No. 7	Valve Coil No. 6	Valve Coil No. 5	Valve Coil No. 4	Valve Coil No. 3	Valve Coil No. 2	Valve Coil No. 1	Valve Coil No. 0
X+1 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 15	Valve Coil No. 14	Valve Coil No. 13	Valve Coil No. 12	Valve Coil No. 11	Valve Coil No. 10	Valve Coil No. 9	Valve Coil No. 8
X+2 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 23	Valve Coil No. 22	Valve Coil No. 21	Valve Coil No. 20	Valve Coil No. 19	Valve Coil No. 18	Valve Coil No. 17	Valve Coil No. 16
X+3 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 31	Valve Coil No. 30	Valve Coil No. 29	Valve Coil No. 28	Valve Coil No. 27	Valve Coil No. 26	Valve Coil No. 25	Valve Coil No. 24
			Dia	agnostics				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Selectable)	Coil 7 Status	Coil 6 Status	Coil 5 Status	Coil 4 Status	Coil 3 Status	Coil 2 Status	Coil 1 Status	Coil 0 Status
X+1 (Selectable)	Coil 15 Status	Coil 14 Status	Coil 13 Status	Coil 12 Status	Coil 11 Status	Coil 10 Status	Coil 9 Status	Coil 8 Status
X+2 (Selectable)	Coil 23 Status	Coil 22 Status	Coil 21 Status	Coil 20 Status	Coil 19 Status	Coil 18 Status	Coil 17 Status	Coil 16 Status
X+3 (Selectable)	Coil 31 Status	Coil 30 Status	Coil 29 Status	Coil 28 Status	Coil 27 Status	Coil 26 Status	Coil 25 Status	Coil 24 Status



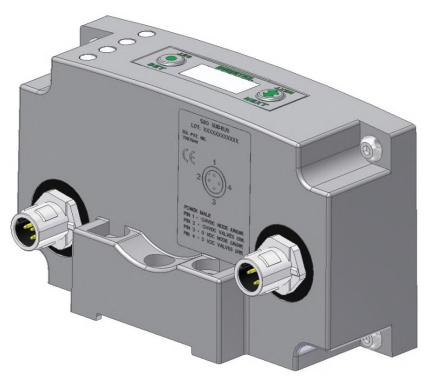


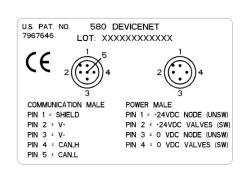
8.8 Sub-bus Valve Module without Distribution and I/O

Used to control a distributed valve manifold through the Sub-Bus. See page 53 for more information.

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points
P580AEDS4010A00	NPN (Sinking)	YES – Visual	YES (32) - Optional	32

			Outp	ut Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Valve Coil No. 7	Valve Coil No. 6	Valve Coil No. 5	Valve Coil No. 4	Valve Coil No. 3	Valve Coil No. 2	Valve Coil No. 1	Valve Coil No. 0
X+1 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 15	Valve Coil No. 14	Valve Coil No. 13	Valve Coil No. 12	Valve Coil No. 11	Valve Coil No. 10	Valve Coil No. 9	Valve Coil No. 8
X+2 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 23	Valve Coil No. 22	Valve Coil No. 21	Valve Coil No. 20	Valve Coil No. 19	Valve Coil No. 18	Valve Coil No. 17	Valve Coil No. 16
X+3 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 31	Valve Coil No. 30	Valve Coil No. 29	Valve Coil No. 28	Valve Coil No. 27	Valve Coil No. 26	Valve Coil No. 25	Valve Coil No. 24
			Dia	agnostics				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Selectable)	Coil 7 Status	Coil 6 Status	Coil 5 Status	Coil 4 Status	Coil 3 Status	Coil 2 Status	Coil 1 Status	Coil 0 Status
X+1 (Selectable)	Coil 15 Status	Coil 14 Status	Coil 13 Status	Coil 12 Status	Coil 11 Status	Coil 10 Status	Coil 9 Status	Coil 8 Status
X+2 (Selectable)	Coil 23 Status	Coil 22 Status	Coil 21 Status	Coil 20 Status	Coil 19 Status	Coil 18 Status	Coil 17 Status	Coil 16 Status
X+3 (Selectable)	Coil 31 Status	Coil 30 Status	Coil 29 Status	Coil 28 Status	Coil 27 Status	Coil 26 Status	Coil 25 Status	Coil 24 Status







8.9 Valve Side Digital Output Module

The valve side output module is used to distribute available valve side output points (i.e. when valves are located away from the rest of the electronics). These modules go to the right of the G3 valve adapter. The 16-bit output module utilizes the last 16 output bits on the valve side of the manifold (bits 16-31).

This module is not available with the 501, 502 or 503 series valves.

Sixteen Outputs per Connector - Sub-D 25 Pin Female Module

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Internal Status Bits	Output Points	Module Size
239-1713	NPN (Sinking)	Yes	16 - Optional	16	Narrow





9. Analog I/O Modules

9.1 Analog I/O Module Rules

The analog I/O modules follow the same rules as the digital I/O modules. The maximum total number of modules on the Sub-Bus is 16. The analog boards allow the user to control devices using an analog signal. The analog modules also allow the user to relay analog information from input devices. These modules are available in two analog signal types: 0-10 V and 4-20 mA. These two signal types are offered in two different I/O configurations: 2 analog input channels/ 2 analog outputs channels and 4 analog input channels.

Four I/O - 12mm Female Modules

Specifications

Input Resolution: 16 bit (65,536 Counts),Output Resolution: 16 bit (65,536 Counts)

Settling Time: 3 ms Max

- Absolute Precision: ≤ 1.0% of Signal

- Voltage Input Impedance: 0-10VDC - 40K Ohms

Current Input Impedance: 250 OhmsInput Cutoff Frequency: 100 Hz

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Input Points	Output Points	Short Circuit Protection
240-212	0 - 10V	4	0	
240-213	0 - 10V	2	2	
240-214	4 - 20mA	4	0	Yes
240-215	4 - 20mA	2	2	
240-307	0 - 10V	2	2	
240-363	4 – 20mA	4	4	



One Analog Input per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-212	0-10 VDC	VEC Viewel	YES (4) -	4
240-214	4-20 mA	YES – Visual	Selectable	4

			Iı	nput Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 (LSB)
X+1	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	1 (MSB)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
X+2	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2 (LSB)
X+3	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	2 (MSB)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
X+4	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3 (LSB)
X+5	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	3 (MSB)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
X+6	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4 (LSB)
X+7	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	4 (MSB)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
X+8 (Selectable)	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Power Status for Conn. D	Power Status for Conn. C	Power Status for Conn. B	Power Status for Conn. A
X+9 (Selectable)	High Alarm for Conn. D	Low Alarm for Conn. D	High Alarm for Conn. C	Low Alarm for Conn. C	High Alarm for Conn. B	Low Alarm for Conn. B	High Alarm for Conn. A	Low Alarm for Conn. A



FEMALE

PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW)

PIN 4= INPUT 1





One Analog I/O per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points	Input Points
240-213	0-10 VDC	YES – Visual	YES (4) -	r	2
240-215	4-20 mA	TES - VISUAI	Selectable	2	2

			0	utput Mapping	7			
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Х	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1 (LSB)				
X+1	Output No. 1 (MSB)	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1
X+2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2 (LSB)				
X+3	Output No. 2 (MSB)	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2
			I	nput Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1 (LSB)				
X+1	Input No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1
X+2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2 (LSB)				
X+3	Input No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2
X+4 (Selectable)	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Power Status for Conn. D	Power Status for Conn. C	Power Status for Conn. B	Power Status for Conn. A
X+5 (Selectable)	High Alarm for Conn. D	Low Alarm for Conn. D	High Alarm for Conn. C	Low Alarm for Conn. C	High Alarm for Conn. B	Low Alarm for Conn. B	High Alarm for Conn. A	Low Alarm for Conn. A



CONNECTORS C & D

CONNECTORS A & B

PIN 2= OUTPUT PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW) PIN 4= INPUT

PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW) PIN 4= INPUT





TDG3EPTM1-9EN 05/18 Subject to change without notice

One Analog I/O per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points	Input Points
240-307	0-10 VDC	YES	YES	2	2

			0	utput Mapping	7			
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Х	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1 (LSB)				
X+1	Output No. 1 (MSB)	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1
X+2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2 (LSB)				
X+3	Output No. 2 (MSB)	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2
			I	nput Mapping				ı
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Х	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1 (LSB)				
X+1	Input No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1
X+2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2 (LSB)				
X+3	Input No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2
X+4 (Selectable)	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Power / Short Status for Conn. D	Power / Short Status for Conn. C	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved
X+5 (Selectable)	High Alarm for Conn. D	Low Alarm for Conn. D	High Alarm for Conn. C	Low Alarm for Conn. C	High Alarm for Conn. B	Low Alarm for Conn. B	High Alarm for Conn. A	Low Alarm for Conn. A



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Pin 1 = +24 VDC (For Conn. C) Pin 2 = +24 VDC (For Conn. D)

Pin 3 = 0 VDC (For Conn. C) Pin 4 = 0 VDC (For Conn. D)





9.2 Analog Graphic Display

The G3 Analog I/O modules have an integrated graphic display that may be used to configure the parameters of the modules as well as show diagnostic information. Please see the following pages for detailed information regarding these displays.





Analog Module / I/O Mapping

Displays the starting Input and Output byte address for the module



Analog Module / Module Number

Displays the module number; identifying its position in the G3 I/O system.



Analog Module / Alarm Settings

Allows the setting of low and high alarms for analog inputs and outputs



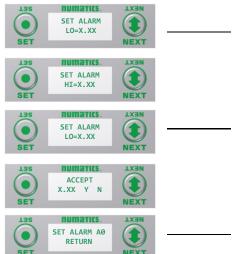






Alarm Settings Steps

- Press the SET button to enter the Alarm Settings submenu.
- Press the SET button to Disable all alarms (default setting)
 - *Note- Setting the Minimum value for Low alarm and the Maximum value for High alarm (for a channel) disables the alarm for that channel.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll to the appropriate analog channel.
 - 4. Press the SET button to set the LO alarm setting
 - a. Push the SET button to access the menu and enter the alarm value
 - 5. Press the NEXT button to SET the HI alarm setting.
 - a. Push the SET button to access the menu and enter the alarm value
 - b. Accept the changes by selecting Y and pushing SET
 - Press the SET button while in the RETURN screen to return to the main menu





Numatics G3 Series EtherNet/IP™ Technical Manual

Analog Module / Description

Displays the quantity and type of I/O on the module Ex. 2 analog Inputs and 2 analog outputs



Analog Module / Part number

Displays the replacement part number of the module

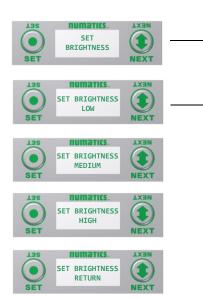


Analog Module / Firmware

Displays the firmware revision level for the module



Analog Module / Brightness



Brightness Settings

- Press the SET button to enter the SET BRIGHTNESS menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll the choices for the desired brightness of the LCD display for the analog module.
 - a. LOW
 - b. MEDIUM (Factory Default)
 - c. HIGH
 - d. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice. The changes will take effect immediately.

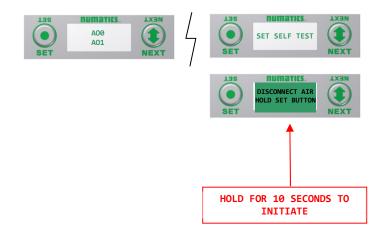


9.3 Analog Module / Self Test Mode

Self test mode is an internal diagnostic tool that can be enabled on the analog module using the graphic display. This tool allows the user to confirm that all of the outputs on the module are fully functional without needing a network connection or controller. The test will cycle the analog outputs. Starting with Output 0 it will increment the analog signal at 10% intervals; once it has reached 100% it will test the next available output. The self-test will continue to run until it is turned off by pressing the SET button.

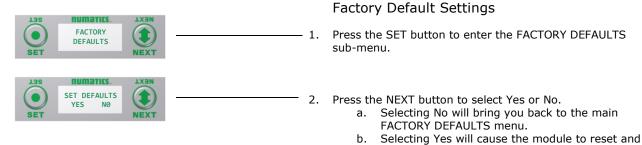
To use the Self Test Mode, the user must first set some initial conditions. Follow these steps to initiate the self-test mode.

- 1) Disconnect Air and Communication from the manifold!
- Starting at the Home Screen, navigate the menus by selecting the NEXT button until the SELF-TEST menu is shown.
- 3) Select the SET button to access the SELF-TEST menu
- 4) A message will appear: DISCONNECT AIR HOLD SET BUTTON
- 5) Hold the SET button down for approximately 10 seconds to enable the test. The Display will flash the above message while the button is pushed.
- 6) When the display stops flashing, the self-test mode will be running
- 7) Push or hold the NEXT button to cycle through the outputs. <u>Holding</u> the NEXT button will allow the analog outputs to cycle through the 10% intervals automatically. <u>Pushing</u> the NEXT button will allow the outputs to manually step through each 10% interval.
- 8) Releasing the NEXT button will keep the output in its current state.
- 9) The self-test mode can only be disabled by pushing the SET button





9.4 Analog Module / Factory Defaults



Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

conditions.

return all parameters to the factory default

FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS				
Description	Default			
Low Alarm Values	0 V / 4 mA			
High Alarm Values	10 V / 20 mA			
Brightness	Medium			



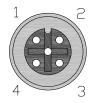
10. Specialty Modules

10.1 RTD Module

The G3 RTD Temperature module is used with Resistive Temperature Detectors (RTDs) and can support up to 4 RTD devices simultaneously. This module supports various RTD types including: Pt100, Pt200, Pt500, Pt1000, Ni100 and Ni1000. Standard M12 single key connector types are used; each connector/port supports one RTD device, but four different device types can be used simultaneously. User configuration of parameters include: RTD type, temperature scale (Celsius or Fahrenheit), Hi/Low temperature alarms, and filter times, and can be selected individually for each connector port using the integrated display. The G3 RTD module can be incorporated into any G3 electronic system regardless of the protocol or I/O module position.







FEMALE

PIN 1 = Sensor Current Source (I+)

PIN 2 = Sense Voltage (VIN+)

PIN 3 = Sensor Current Source (I-)

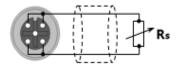
PIN 4 = Sense Voltage (VIN-)

PIN 5 = Not Used



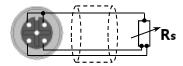
Sensor Wiring Diagrams

2 Wire Sensor Type 2 Wire Cable (Fig 1)

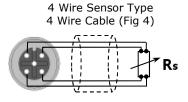


2 Wire Sensor Type Low Accuracy

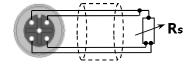
3 Wire Sensor Type 3 Wire Cable (Fig 2)



3 Wire Sensor Type Medium Accuracy



4 Wire Sensor Type High Accuracy



3 Wire Sensor Type 4 Wire Cable

Electrical Data	
Voltage	24 VDC Module Supply (Via G3 System Aux. Power Connection)
Input Type	RTD (Resistive Temperature Detector),
	4 per Module
Supported Sensor Types	Pt100, Pt200, Pt500, Pt1000, Ni100, Ni1000
Supported Temperature Coefficients	.00385; .00392; .Ω/Ω/°C
Resolution	15 bits, plus sign.
Data Format	Signed Integer; Two's complement.
Calibration	Factory Calibrated.
	Field Calibration w/ high tolerance (± 0.005%) 100 ohm and 350
	ohm resistor.
Input Update (filter) Rate	Adjustable (5-20mS), factory default: 5mS
Accuracy	0.1% of full scale @ 25° C
Mechanical Data	
I/O Connector	M12 4 Pin Female (Accepts 5 Pin)
Mass	247g / 8.7oz
Operating Data	
Temperature Range	-10° to 115° F (-23° to 46° C)
Humidity	95% relative humidity: non-condensing
Ingress Protection	IP65 (with appropriate assembly and terminations)



- For maximum accuracy on a 3-wire sensor type make identified jumper connections at the sensor end (see Figure 3). Cable resistance, resulting from cable length, affects measuring error; therefore, use cables that are as short as possible.
- For long cable runs and high accuracy use 4 wire sensor types.



Part Numbers and Mapping

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Alarms	Diagnostics	Input Points
240-311	RTD	Hi/Low Temp for each Channel	Open/Short, Out of Range	4

			Ir	nput Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Х	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
X+1	Sign Bit	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
X+2	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
X+3	Sign Bit	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
X+4	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
X+5	Sign Bit	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
X+6	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
X+7	Sign Bit	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
X+8 (Selectable)	Channel 3 Out of Range	Channel 2 Out of Range	Channel 1 Out of Range	Channel 0 Out of Range	Channel 3 Open/ Short	Channel 2 Open/ Short	Channel 1 Open/ Short	Channel 0 Open/ Short
X+9 (Selectable)	Channel 3 High Alarm	Channel 3 Low Alarm	Channel 2 High Alarm	Channel 2 Low Alarm	Channel 1 High Alarm	Channel 1 Low Alarm	Channel 0 High Alarm	Channel 0 Low Alarm



Data is represented by Two's Complement, in tenths of a degree.



RTD Module Graphic display

RTD Module / Temperature Monitoring



1) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the Temperature Monitoring display options.

Pressing the SET button while in one of the Temperature Monitoring displays, will return the display back to the home screen.

If "DISABLED" is the temperature identified at any channel, advance the display to Sensor Type Select, to choose a sensor/Enable the channel, or press the "SET" button to jump directly to the selection display.

<u>Unused channels should be left</u> <u>"DISABLED".</u>



RTD Module / Sensor Type Select (Channel Enable)

Allows the sensor type for each channel to be selected, and, enable the channel selected









- A) Press the SET button to enter the Sensor Type Select sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the channels.
- C) Press the SET button to select the desired channel. If "DISABLED" is the first selection, the channel is <u>not</u> enabled. Select a sensor type to enable the channel.
- D) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the available sensor types.
- Press the SET button to select the desired sensor type.
- Press the SET button to load the selected sensor type.



RTD Module / Temperature Scale

Allows the temperature scale for each channel to be set to Celsius or Fahrenheit.







- A) Press the SET button to enter the Temp Scale sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the channels.





- C) Press the SET button to choose the desired channel.
- D) Press the NEXT button to choose the desired scale.
- Press the SET button to load the selection.



RTD Module / Alarm Settings

Allows the Low and High alarms of each RTD Input channel to be set. This parameter generates a visual and logical (bit) when set value is achieved.











- A) Press the SET button to enter the Alarm Settings sub-menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the RTD Input channels.
- C) Press the SET button to enter the alarm setting for the selected Input channel.
- Press the NEXT button to select the Lo or High setting for the selected channel.
- E) Press the SET button to select the change process for the chosen alarm. The first digit/sign will be highlighted.
- F) Press the NEXT button to choose the value, or the SET button to select and move to the next digit.
- G) Press the NEXT button to choose "Y" or "N" Select. Then press the SET Button to Accept.



- When alarm values are set to maximum/minimum values, the alarm function is disabled.
- Factory default settings for all alarms are disabled.



RTD Module / Advanced Setting

Allows the Update Filters for each channel to be set.





- A) Press the SET button to enter the Advance Settings sub-menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to choose the option; Update Filters or Calibrate RTD.

Update Filters

- C) Press the SET button to choose the Update Filter setting.
- D) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the filter times.
- Press the SET button to select the desired Update Filter time.







RTD Module / I/O Mapping Input Byte



RTD Module / Module Number (Position)



RTD Module / Module Description



RTD Module / Part Number



RTD Module / Firmware Revision





RTD Module / Set Display Brightness

Allows the Brightness of the display to be changed







- A) press the SET button to enter the Set Brightness sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the brightness options
- Press the SET button to load the selection.

RTD Module / Flip Display

Allows the Display to be flipped 180 degrees.









- A) press the SET button to enter the Flip Display sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to choose the orientation.
- C) Press the SET button to load the selection.



Numatics G3 Series EtherNet/IP™ Technical Manual

RTD Module / Factory Defaults

Set all parameter settings to default values.





- A) Press the SET button to enter the Factory Defaults sub menu.
- B) Presss the NEXT button to choose Yes or No.
- C) Press the SET button to confirm.
- D) Press the SET button again.



Fa	actory Default Settings					
Alarm - High & Low	Disabled (Set to Min/Max for each chosen sensor)					
Input Update Filter	5 mS					
Sensor Type	Pt 100 385					
Temp Scale	Celsius					
Display Brightness	Medium					
Flip Display	Normal					



10.2 Sub-Bus Hub Module

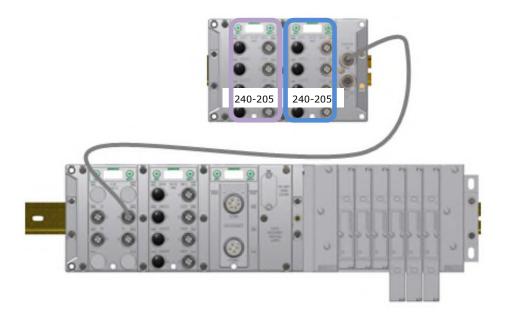
The G3 HUB module allows for branch distribution from the I/O side of the G3 System and can be integrated into the existing G3 Series Sub-Bus configuration. Auto Addressing allows for trouble free set up and configuration. Input, Output, as well as Valve manifolds can be attached to the available four Branches on a HUB module. Each G3 System can support up to two HUB modules, allowing for maximum flexibility. The HUB module is transparent to the I/O side of the G3 and does not reserve one of the potential sixteen positions.

Module Part No.	Module Type	Diagnostics	Input Size / Output Size	Branches
240-326	HUB	Sub-Bus Short Circuit	0 / 0 - See Note	4











The Sub-bus hub module does not produce mapped diagnostics. The data table in this example represents what is physically attached to the HUB module. This will change as modules are added or removed.

Example I/O Mapping of Attached Modules								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
X+1 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8
X+2 (Selectable)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status
X+3 (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
X+4 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8
X+5 (Selectable)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status

Where X =starting byte



Hub Module / Identification



1) Identifies HUB module in G3 System.

Hub Module / Description



2) Identifies Module type.

Hub Module / Advanced Settings



Brightness



3) Allows the user to set/configure module parameters.

Press the SET button to advance to the first parameter/setting.

- A) Press the SET button to enter the Set Brightness sub-menu and highlight the selection.
- Press the NEXT button to select the desired Brightness selection, (Low, Medium, High).
- Press the SET button to slect the desired Brightness level.

Screen Jumps to Next Parameter/Selection

Flip Display



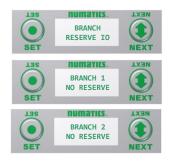
- D) Press the SET button to enter the Flip Display sub-menu and highlight the selection.
- E) Press the NEXT button to select the desired Flip Display selection, (Normal, Flipped).



- Press the SET button to select the desired display orientation.
- G) Press NEXT to advance to the next parameter selection (Branch Reserve

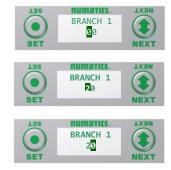


Branch Reserve I/O



- A) Press the SET button to enter the Branch Reserve IO sub-menu.
 - B) Press the NEXT button to select the desired Branch to reserve I/O bytes.

I/O data bytes can be reserved on each branch for future expansion within the G3 system. Space is reserved in Byte levels, and populates Input, Output, and Status depending on the protocol and configuration chosen (e.g. $EtherNet/IP^{TM}$).



- C) Press the SET button to enter the chosen Branch/Byte Selection screen.
- D) Press the NEXT button to select the desired Tens value of reserved bytes.
- Press the SET button to set the desired Tens value.
- F) The screen will advance to the Ones selection
- G) Press the NEXT button to select the desired Ones value for reserved bytes.
- Press the SET button to set the desired Ones value.

Once the desired byte size is chosen for the selected branch, the screen will jump to the next branch. The same process is performed for the remaining branches, if desired. Press the NEXT button to skip over branches that do not require reserving I/O.



• The maximum reserve is 64 bytes per branch.



Factory Defaults



4) Allows all parameter settings to be set back to default values.



- A) Press the SET button to enter the Factory Defaults sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to choose Yes or No.
- C) Press the SET button to confirm.



D) Press the SET button again.



Factory Default Settings				
Brightness	Medium			
Flip Display	Normal			
Reserve I/O	No Reserve (all Branches)			



Diagnostics



Part Number



FIRMWARE V. 2.060

Firmware Rev.

Branch Connections



 Allows the user to reference Part No., Firmware Rev., and Branch Connections.

A) Press the NEXT button to enter the Diagnostics sub-menu.

The Part Number screen is displayed (reference only).

- Press the NEXT button to advance to the Firmware revision screen (reference only).
- C) Press the NEXT button to advance to the Branch Connections screen.
- D) Press the SET button to enter the Branch Connections sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to advance through the Branches.

Each Branch screen indicates identifys the module numbers that are currently connected to that Branch.

HELP



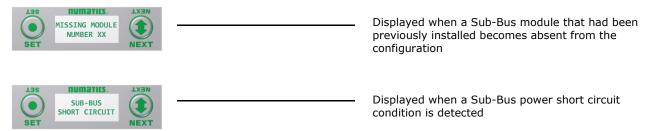


- 6) Directs the user to the ASCO website.
 - A) Press the SET button for website address.

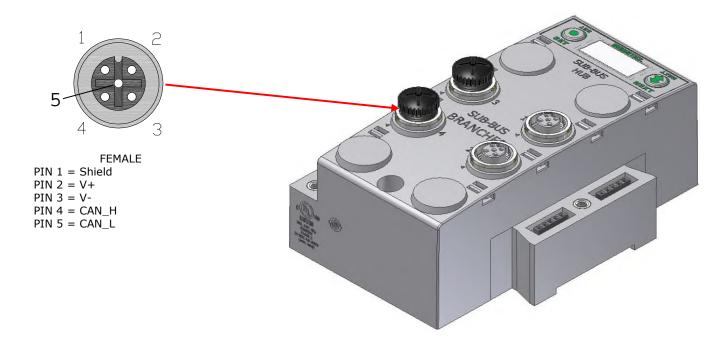


Error/Event Messages

The following are error messages that are displayed when specific faults/events occur during operation:



Connector Pin Out

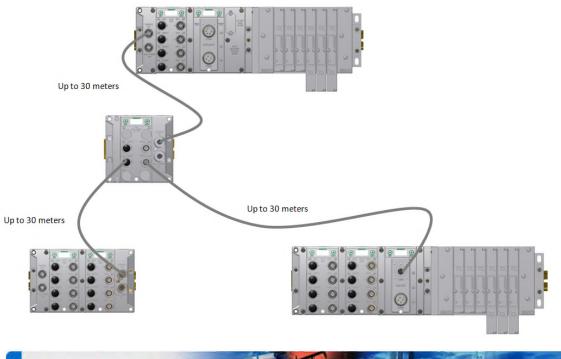




- Length of molded or field wired Sub-Bus Branch cables should not exceed the maximum length of 30 meters per Sub-Bus Branch communication link.
- The molded cable assemblies and bulk cable are the only approved cables for the G3 Sub-Bus and Branch Link. Please refer to the G3 Electronics catalog (LT-G3Catalog), for Sub-Bus cable and connectors options. See Technical Document TDG3SBWD1-0EN for proper installation and wiring of field wireable connectors.



HUB Integration - Example





Module		Part No.	Description		Details	Export Config and Log	Activity	
Node		240-325	EtherNet/IP DLR/QC Com	munications Module	☐ Show [Details	Close all Details	1
ARM		240-182	Auto Recovery Module		☐ Show [Details	Close all Details	4
No. 1		240-205	16 Inputs PNP Digital M12	2 x 8	☐ Show [Details	Close all Details	
Hub 1 240-326 Sub-Bus Hub Module			☑ Show [Details	Close all Details			
	Firmware	e Revision		2 070				_
0 0 0				Branch 1	Branch 2	Branch 3	Branch 4	
0 - 0	I/O Rese	erved (bytes):		-			-0	
		Reserved Inpu	t (bytes)			14	-	
		Reserved Diag	gnostic (Status) Inputs (bytes)	-		J		
	Unused F	Reserved Outp	put (bytes):		-	100	-	
100.	Module N	lo's, on branc	h:	-	2, 3, 4	-	5, 6	
→ Branch 2. Mod. No. 2 240-241 Sub-Bus Valve Driver			☐ Show [Details	Close all Details	4		
→ Branch 2, Mod. No. 3 240-205 16 Inputs PNP Digital M1		2 x 8	☐ Show D	Show Details		,		
→ Branch 2. Mod. No. 4 240-205 16 Inputs PNP Digital M12		2 x 8	☐ Show [☐ Show Details		4		
→ Branch 4, Mod. No. 5 240-205 16 Inputs PNP Digital M12		2 x 8	☐ Show □	Show Details		•		
- Branch 4, Mod. No. 6		240-205	16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x 8		☐ Show [☐ Show Details		4
					Show F	Frror/Event Log		Т

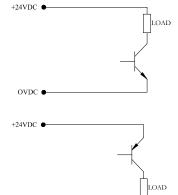


11. I/O Module Wiring Diagrams

11.1 NPN/PNP Definitions

NPN Descriptions

- Sinking
- Switching Negative
- Positive Common



PNP Descriptions

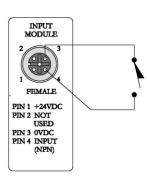
- Sourcing
- Switching Positive
- Negative Common

NPN (Sinking) Input Connection

Electric Sensor Type

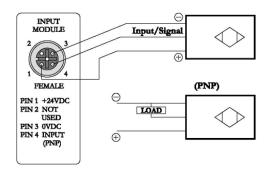
INPUT MODULE Input/Signal Input/Signal Input/Signal (NPN) Input/Signal Input/Signal

Mechanical Sensor Type

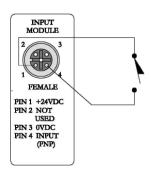


PNP (Sourcing) Input Connection

Electric Sensor Type



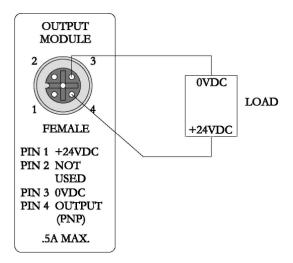
Mechanical Sensor Type





I/O Module Wiring Diagrams Continued

PNP (Sourcing) Output Connection





12. EtherNet/IP™ G3 Web Server

12.1 Integrated Web Page Configuration

The ASCO Numatics G3-EtherNet/IP $^{\text{IM}}$ node utilizes an integrated web server for user access to configuration parameters and diagnostic features. The "G3 Webpage" can be accessed via any standard web browser program. The following steps describe how to connect to a G3 series EtherNet/IP $^{\text{IM}}$ to access the integrated webpage using Windows 7 (see page XXX for Windows 10 instructions).

12.2 Connecting to a G3 Series EtherNet/IP™ Node (Windows 7)

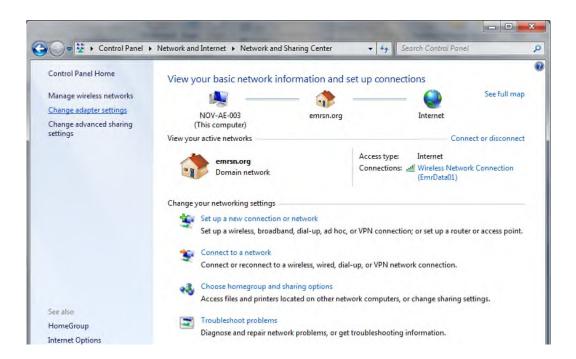
This section will discuss how to connect a computer to a G3 Series EtherNet/IPTM node. There are multiple ways to complete this task, so only two will be discussed. All computer commands are shown in Windows 7.

- Connect a 24VDC power supply to the valve manifold. The connector pin-out can be found on the side of the EtherNet/IP[™] node or on page 20 of this document. (Note: 24VDC only needs to be applied to the "+24VDC (NODE & INPUTS)" pin to power the node.)
- Connect an Ethernet cable directly from the manifold to the computer -OR- Connect an Ethernet cable from the manifold to a router, hub, or switch. Connect a second Ethernet cable from the computer to the router, hub, or switch. (Network lights should appear on the router, hub, or switch if the correct cables are used).
- 3. Turn on the computer. Also, make sure the manifold and the router, hub, or switch has power.
- 4. To communicate with an EtherNet/IP™ manifold the IP address of your computer must be known. To start this process, left click on the "Start" button.
- 5. Left click on control panel, then left click view network status and tasks

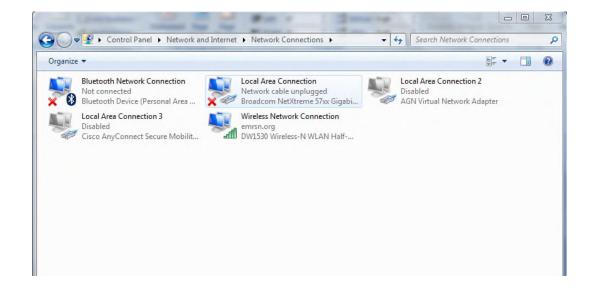




6. The "Network and Sharing Center" window will open. Double click on "Change adapter settings".

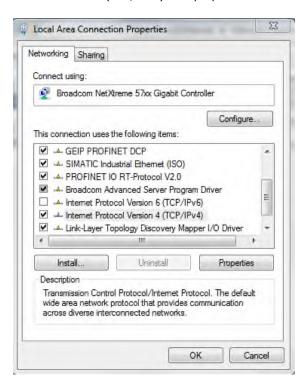


7. The "Network Connections" window opens. Double click the "Local Area Connection Icon"

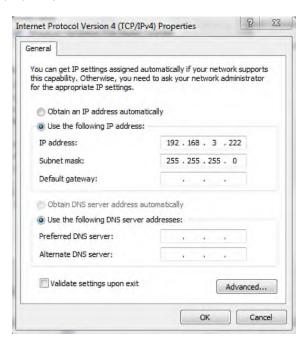




8. Click on "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)" the properties window will open



9. Choose the option marked "Use the following IP address" and type in an IP address that has the same first three octets as the address that you will set the manifold to. For the last octet you may choose any number from 0-255, just make sure that it is not the same number as the IP address that the manifold will have. Make sure your subnet mask is set to "255.255.255.0" (this value can be changed, but this value will be used for demonstration purposes).



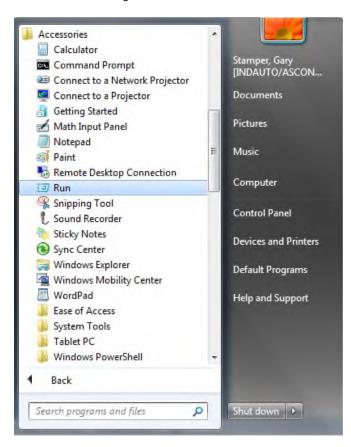


TDG3EPTM1-9EN 05/18 Subject to change without notice

10. Left click "OK" in the "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties" and "Local Area Connection" windows for the changes to take effect on the computer. Close out of any open windows.

Once the IP address for the computer is known, you can set the IP address of the ASCO Numatics manifold using one of the methods described on page 30 .

11. Click on "start" then select "All Programs->Accessories->Run".



12. Type, "Ping, and then the IP address of the manifold, you can view the address on the graphical display. For example, if the IP address is 192.168.3.120, "ping 192.168.3.120" would be typed. You will get a message stating, "Reply from 192.168.3.120: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128", if the manifold responds.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd,exe

Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\Documents and Settings\dwalsh\arp -s 192.168.3.120 00-15-24-00-01-DE

C:\Documents and Settings\dwalsh\arp ing 192.168.3.120

Pinging 192.168.3.120 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.3.120: bytes=32 time<ims TTL=128

Pappy from 192.168.3.120: bytes=32 time<ims TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.3.120: bytes=32 time<ims TTL=128

Ping minum = 0 ms, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0x loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli—seconds:

Minimum = 0 ms, Maximum = 0 ms, Received = 0 ms
```



13. Open a web browser on the computer and type the IP address of the manifold. Ex. http://192.168.3.120. The ASCO Numatics G3 webpage should load after several seconds.









12.3 Connecting to a G3 Series EtherNet/IP™ Node (Windows 10)

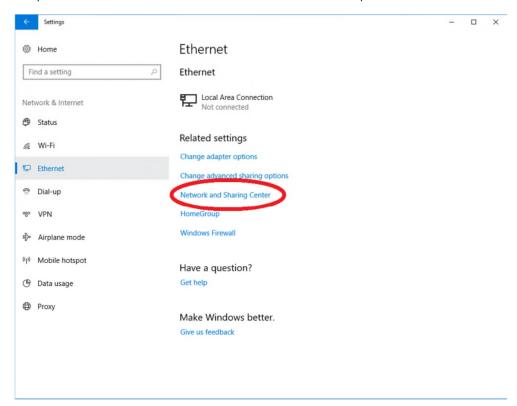
This section will discuss how to connect a computer to a G3 Series EtherNet/ IP^{TM} node. There are multiple ways to complete this task, so only two will be discussed. All computer commands are shown in Windows 10.

- Connect a 24VDC power supply to the valve manifold. The connector pin-out can be found on the side of the EtherNet/IP™ node or on page 20 of this document. (Note: 24VDC only needs to be applied to the "+24VDC (NODE & INPUTS)" pin to power the node.)
- 2. Connect an Ethernet cable directly from the manifold to the computer -OR- Connect an Ethernet cable from the manifold to a router, hub, or switch. Connect a second Ethernet cable from the computer to the router, hub, or switch. (Network lights should appear on the router, hub, or switch if the correct cables are used).
- 3. Turn on the computer. Also, make sure the manifold and the router, hub, or switch has power.
- 4. To communicate with an EtherNet/IP™ manifold the IP address of your computer must be known. To start this process, left click on the "Windows" (Start) button.
- 5. Left click on Settings (gear icon), then on Network & Internet.

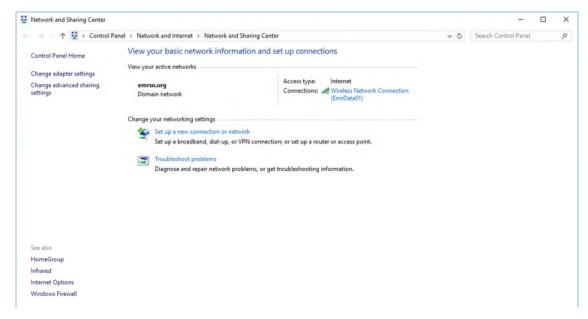




6. Next, left click on "Ethernet" on the left-hand side of the window, and then "Network and Sharing Center".

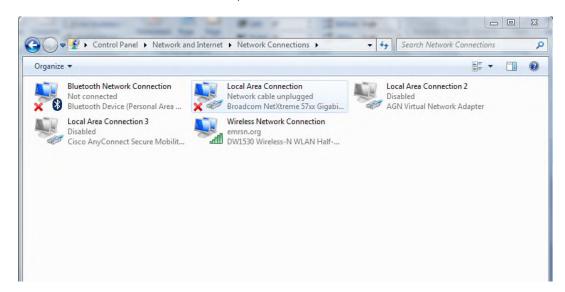


7. The "Network and Sharing Center" window will open. Double click on "Change adapter settings".





8. The "Network Connections" window opens. Double click the "Local Area Connection Icon"

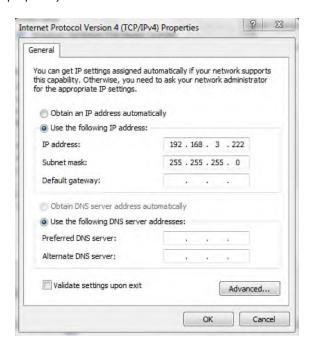


9. Click on "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)" the properties window will open





10. Choose the option marked "Use the following IP address" and type in an IP address that has the same first three octets as the address that you will set the manifold to. For the last octet you may choose any number from 0-255, just make sure that it is not the same number as the IP address that the manifold will have. Make sure your subnet mask is set to "255.255.255.0" (this value can be changed, but this value will be used for demonstration purposes).



11. Left click "OK" in the "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties" and "Local Area Connection" windows for the changes to take effect on the computer. Close out of any open windows.

Once the IP address for the computer is known, you can set the IP address of the ASCO Numatics manifold using one of the methods described on page 30 .

12. Click on "start" then select "All Programs->Accessories->Run".





13. Type, "Ping, and then the IP address of the manifold, you can view the address on the graphical display. For example, if the IP address is 192.168.3.120, "ping 192.168.3.120" would be typed. You will get a message stating, "Reply from 192.168.3.120: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128", if the manifold responds.

```
Microsoft Windows XP [Uersion 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\Documents and Settings\dwalsh\arp =s 192.168.3.120 00-15-24-00-01-DE

C:\Documents and Settings\dwalsh\ping 192.168.3.120

Pinging 192.168.3.120 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.3.120: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.3.120:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0x loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli—seconds:

Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Ruerage = Oms
```

14. Open a web browser on the computer and type the IP address of the manifold. Ex. http://192.168.3.120. The ASCO Numatics G3 webpage should load after several seconds.









12.4 EtherNet/IP™ Web Server functionality

This section will discuss the functionality of the built in Ethernet server. Every ASCO Numatics EtherNet/IPTM has this feature. Through this server you can configure the node, force I/O, check diagnostics, etc. Each ASCO Numatics' web page will be explained.

Home

To get to the ASCO Numatics "Home" page, open a web browser. In the URL line, type in the IP address of the manifold and press "Enter". The ASCO Numatics "Home" page will appear. This page shows a picture of the ASCO Numatics EtherNet/IP™ manifold. From this page, the user can navigate the entire built-in web server.









• The 1st three octets of the IP address of the computer MUST match the IP address of the node.



Node Configuration

The "Node Configuration" window can be used to control different parameters within the manifold. These parameters include, "IP Address", "Subnet Mask", "Gateway Address", "SMTP Server", "DHCP/BOOTP enabled", "MAC Address", and "COMM Fault/Idle Mode". "DHCP/BOOTP enabled" is controlled by a single check mark box. "COMM Fault/Idle Mode" has two options that can be chosen: "Hold last Output State" and "Turn OFF All Outputs". *IP address, Subnet Mask, and DHCP/BOOTP enabled* selections can all be configured from this page.



Node Configuration (Green selections denote Factory Default settings)				
DHCP:	Disabled	•		
IP Address:	192.168.1.120			
Subnet Mask:	255.255.0.0			
Gateway IP Address:				
Web Server:	Enabled	٠		
COMM Fault / Idle Mode:	Turn OFF All Outputs	٧		
Diagnostic Word:	Mapped	•		
I/O (Diagnostics) Status:	Mapped			
Node Configuration Parameters:	Unlocked			
I/O Configuration:	Unlocked	•		
Save Error / Event Log Entries to Non-Volatile Memory (Disable during machine commissioning / debugging)	Enabled	*		
SNMP	Supported			
Display Orientation (Global):	Normal	•		
Display Brightness (Global):	Medium	٠		
Comm. Format (I/O Data Padding):	SINT	•		
TCP Timeout (Timeout in minutes):	1	•		
User Defined Links:	Show Details			

Update Configuration

These parameters will be programmed in the node's non-volatile FLASH memory once "Update Configuration" is clicked, and power to the node is cycled. The "Configuration Successfully Updated" window will appear. The EtherNet/ IP^{TM} node will reset in a few seconds, or the user may cycle power to enable the new configuration.





Password

The "Password" window allows the user to set a password that will prevent unwanted access to the I/O Force and Test functionality. The password comes disabled from the factory. To set the initial password, leave the "Enter Current Password" field blank and type in the new password in the "Enter New Password" field.



Change Password				
Enter Current Password: (up to 20 characters)				
Enter New Password: (up to 20 characters)				
Repeat New Password:				

Change Password

This page allows password protection of the Node Configuration page and the I/O Force & Test features of the Diagnostics page. To disable password protection, leave the "Enter New password" box empty. If you have forgotten a previously set password please contact Numatics Technical support.

Once a Password has been set, the security check screen will appear when accessing the I/O force and test page





 If the password has been lost or forgotten, go through the process of changing the password. Enter the last 6 digits of the MAC Address in the current password field and then enter the desired password in the new password field.



Diagnostics

The "Diagnostics" window allows the user to monitor different values. These values include, "MAC Address", "Serial Number", "Firmware Revision", and "Valve Diagnostic Table". The "Valve Diagnostic Table" enables the user to check the status of the valve side outputs.



Current Configuration

Actual
Configuration of
modules with part
numbers and
descriptions
including
distributed
modules

Module	Part No.	Description	Details	Activity
Node	240-181	EtherNet/IP Communications Module	☐ Show Details	1
Valve Driver	219-828	Valve Driver Output Module	Show Details	4
ARM	240-182	Auto Recovery Module	Show Details	1
No. 1	240-300	8 Outputs High Current PNP Digital M12 + 4	☐ Show Details	4
No. 2	240-209	16 Inputs NPN Digital M12 x B	☐ Show Details	1
No. 3	240-205	16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x S	Show Details	1
No. 4	240-204	16 Inputs NPN Digital Terminal Strip	☐ Show Details	1
No. 5	240-213	2 Inputs 2 Outputs 0-10V Analog M12 + 4	☐ Show Details	4
No. 6	240-214	4 Inputs 4-20mA Analog M12 x 4	Show Details	1
No. 7	240-205	16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 ± 6	☐ Show Details	4
No. B	240-207	16 Outputs PNP Digital M12 x B	☐ Show Details	1
No. 9	240-241	Sub-Bus Valve Driver	Show Details	1
No. 10	240-215	2 Inputs / 2 Outputs 4-20 mA Analog M12 x	☐ Show Details	1
No. 11	240-206	S Inputs PNP Digital M12 # 8	Show Details	1
No. 12	240-207	16 Outputs PNP Digital M12 x B	☐ Show Details	1
No. 13	240-210	8 Inputs NPN Digital M12 = 8	☐ Show Details	1
No. 14	240-205	16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x B	☐ Show Details	1
			Show Error/Event Log	
			Show User Defined Links	

Reports module status:

✓ = OK

! = Attention

X = Lost comm.

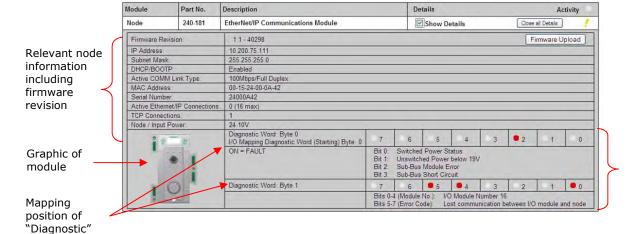
Selects which module details will be shown, more than 1 can be selected simultaneously.



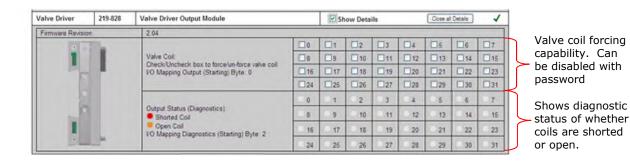
Show Details:

word.





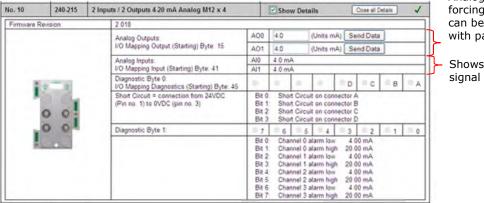
Diagnostic word information with bit definitions presently shows: Error on Sub-bus, module 16 not communicating.





Show Details:





Analog output forcing capability, can be disabled with password

Shows input signal status

Error / Event Log:





RS Logix 5000 Configuration



Configuration with Studio 5000

When commissioning your EtherNet/IP network, specific values must be entered into the "Module Properties" window for the nodes. The "Connection Parameters" section requires user supplied data for "Input Size", "Output Size", and "Configuration". The table below details all pertinent information and is also dynamic, thus the "Size" data is based on the current/actual configuration of the manifold. It contains the appropriate values for the module's Connection Parameters selections.

The sample screenshot is taken from Rockwell Automation's Studio 5000 programming software. It shows where the appropriate values for the IP Address, Assembly Instance, Size, and Configuration must be entered.

Module Properties Based on Actual Configuration

Connection Parameters					
Description	Assembly Instance Value	Comm Format	Size	Notes	
		Data-SINT (8 bit)	2	Take I allow the first of the f	
Input	100 (Decimal)	Data-INT (16 bit)	1	The Size values are determined from the number and type of I/O modules that are	
		Data-DINT (32 bit)	1	installed on the manifold (actual physical configuration).	
		Data-SINT (8 bit)	0	These values are shown in the Size column on the left and are for the specific Comm	
Output	150 (Decimal)	Data-INT (16 bit)	0	Format selected. This is a minimum value, Larger values may be specified but may affect	
		Data-DINT (32 bit)	0	overall network throughput.	
Configuration	1 (Decimal)	ALL	0		



Download EDS

The "Download EDS" tab provides a link to download either the embedded EDS file in the node or the EDS file available on the ASCO Numatics website http://www.asco.com/

ASCO.com

The "ASCO.com" tab is a quick link to ASCO Numatics' website. The computer must have internet access for this tab to be functional.



Download embedded EDS & ICON files Download web based EDS & ICON files



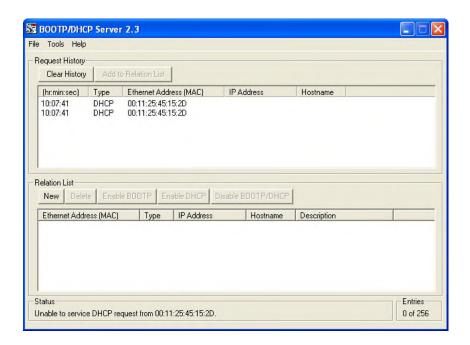
12.5 IP Address Configuration

The IP address of the ASCO Numatics G3 EtherNet/IP™ node may be configured via several different methods:

- DHCP/BOOTP
- Integrated Web Page Configuration
- Manual Configuration via DIP Switch
- Graphical display

DHCP / BOOTP

The node is shipped from the factory with the DHCP/BOOTP feature enabled. This allows a DHCP server to automatically set the IP address to the node when connected to the network, or a BOOTP server to establish communication to the node and set the IP address. These addressing methods require that the unique MAC ADDRESS of the node is known. The MAC ADDRESS is displayed on the graphical display of the node. It will be different for every node. When DHCP/BOOTP is enabled and a DHCP server is found, the IP address, Subnet mask, and gateway are automatically configured by the DHCP server.

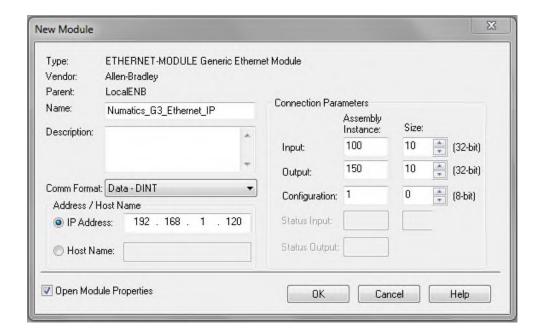


The DHCP/BOOTP setting can be enabled or disabled via the nodes integrated web server or graphical display.



12.6 Configuration with RSLogix 5000

When commissioning your EtherNet/IP™ network, specific parameters must be entered into the RS Logix 5000 Generic Ethernet Module configuration. These parameters include: "Comm Format", "Assembly Instance", "Input Size", "Output Size", and "Configuration". The "Size" values are determined from the actual physical configuration of the manifold (i.e. how many and which I/O modules are installed on the manifold. The manifold required data size can easily be determined through the RS Logix 5000 Config. tab of the Ethernet IP webpage (see page 11-122). The size values are a minimum value; higher values can be used if future manifold I/O expansion is required. An example of the Generic Ethernet module configuration box is shown below.





Generic Ethernet Module Parameters

Comm. Format

The "Comm Format" determines the format of the data exchanged with the G3 EtherNet/IP™ node.

Description	Data	Description	
	Data – DINT	Double Integer – 32 Bit	
Comm Format	Data – INT	Integer – 16 Bit	
	Data – SINT	Single Integer - 8 Bit	

Assembly Instance Values

The following Assembly Instance parameters must be used with the G3 EtherNet/ $\mathrm{IP^{TM}}$ module.

Description	Assembly Instance Values	Size (depends on data format)
Input	100 (Decimal)	Total input value from the physical manifold configuration. This is a minimum value. Larger values may be specified for future expansion purposes.
Output	150 (Decimal)	Total output value from the physical manifold configuration. This is a minimum value. Larger values may be specified for future expansion purposes.
Configuration	1 (Decimal)	0



12.7 User Configurable Device Parameters

The ASCO Numatics G3 EtherNet/ IP^{TM} node allows the user to set many user options which define how the manifold behaves in certain instances. The following is a description of these device parameters.

Name	Description	Display	Web Server
IP Address	Node address	\checkmark	\checkmark
DHCP Boot-P	Enables / Disables DHCP/Boot-P functionality	\checkmark	\checkmark
Web Server	Web Server Enabled	\checkmark	√
Output Idle Action	Determines whether to use idle value attribute or hold last state	√	√
Output Fault Action	Determines whether to use idle value attribute or hold last state	√	√



Communication Fault/Idle Mode Parameter

This parameter is used to describe characteristics or behaviors of output points (bits). The parameter shown below is used to determine what state the outputs will have, during an "Idle" event and a "Fault" event. The Communication Fault/Idle Mode parameter will allow control of all output points on the manifold.

The user, through web page or graphic display settings, can determine how the outputs behave when a communication fault or idle actions occurs. These settings are non-volatile and thus will not change upon loss of power.

The two behavior options are:

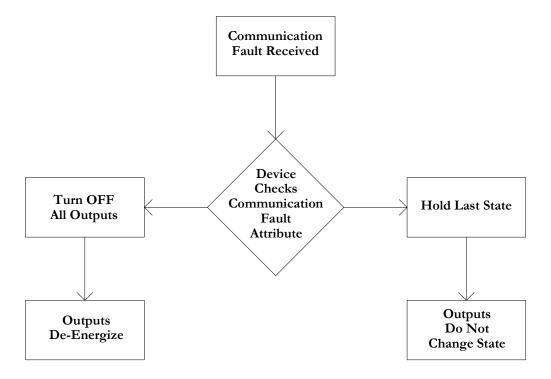
- 1. Hold Last State
- 2. Turn Off All Outputs

Communication Fault / Idle Mode Sequence

The Communication Fault/Idle Mode parameter determines the output state if the device encounters a communication fault and/or idle action. A Communication Fault is defined as an inability for the master node to communicate with a slave node on a network. Idle Mode is a condition when the processor is in program mode.

The process for determining the output state during a Communication Fault/Idle Mode is as follows:

- The device receives a Communication Fault/Idle Mode event.
 The device determines what action to take based on the Communication Fault/Idle Mode attribute setting.
- 3. If the attribute is set to turn off all outputs, all of the outputs will turn off (Factory Default Setting).
- 4. If the attribute is set to hold last state, all of the outputs will hold their last state.





13. EtherNet/IP™ Mapping

13.1 I/O Sizes

Manifold

Outputs

Outputs are defined as any valve solenoid coil and/or any discrete output point from any output module. The output size depends upon the physical configuration of the manifold (i.e. module type and how many are used). Please reference the following pages for a detailed explanation for calculating the output size.

Inputs

Inputs are defined as physical input bits from input modules and status bits (i.e. diagnostic word generated by the node, status input bits produced by output drivers and SCP status bits). Thus, the input size will include physical input points, as well as status input bits. Please reference the following pages for a detailed explanation for calculating the input size.

Valve Side

The size for the "valve side" of the manifold consists of an output bit for each valve solenoid coil driver and an input bit for the corresponding diagnostic status input bit. This value for the valve side size is 4 bytes of inputs and 4 bytes of outputs.

Discrete Side

The discrete side of the manifold is defined as all I/O modules connected to the left of the communication node. This includes physically attached modules as well as any distributed sub-bus modules. I/O sizes for the discrete side are automatically configured based on the I/O module type installed. However, the user can affect these sizes manually via settable parameters on the node. The output value consists of physical outputs (i.e. output bit for each output point). The input value consists of physical inputs (i.e. input bit for each input point) and user settable status input bits for corresponding physical outputs and SCP status bits.

Total I/O Size

The overall size of the I/O data for the manifold will consist of the valve size plus the discrete I/O size and all enabled Diagnostic bits. The I/O size can vary greatly, due to the many physical configuration and user settable parameters combinations. The worksheet on page 12-130 will allow accurate sizing of the I/O data.



13.2 Manifold and I/O Data Sizing Worksheet

Step	
1	

: Choose appropriate value and place the corresponding Input and Output values in the boxes labeled, "Valve Byte Requirements" at the bottom of the page

2

: Choose up to sixteen modules to be included on the discrete I/O side of the manifold and place sum of the corresponding input bytes and output bytes in the boxes labeled, "Sub-Bus Byte Requirements" at the bottom of the page.

3

: Total the input bytes and output bytes values from the boxes labeled "Sub-Bus Byte Requirements" and "Valve Byte Requirements" in the boxes labeled "Total Input and Output Bytes for Manifold. This is the total input and output byte values required for the configured manifold.

Valve Side						
			Input Bytes			
Step	Valve Side		Status	Status	Output Bytes	
		Enabled	Disabled			
1	Up to 32 Solenoid Coils		4	0	4	

Digital Modules						
			Input	Bytes		
Step	Module No.	Description	Status	Status	Output Bytes	
			Enabled	Disabled		
	240-203/204	16 Inputs - Terminal Strip	3	2	0	
	240-205/209	16 Inputs - 8 x 12mm	3	2	0	
	240-206/210	8 Inputs - 8 x 12mm	2	1	0	
2	240-207	16 Outputs - 8 x 12mm	2	0	2	
	240-208	8 Outputs - 8 x 12mm	1	0	1	
	240-211	8 Inputs / 8 Outputs - 8 x 12mm	3	1	1	
	240-241	Sub – Bus Valve Output	4	0	4	
	240-300	High Current 8 Outputs - 8 x 12mm	1	0	1	

Analog	Analog Modules						
			Input	Bytes			
Step	Module No.	Description	Status	Status	Output Bytes		
			Enabled	Disabled			
2	240-212/214	4 Inputs	10	8	0		
2	240-213/215/307	2 Inputs/ 2 Outputs	6	4	4		

Total I	otal Input/Output Size Calculation							
Step	Module Position	Model Number	Input Bytes	Output Bytes				
	1 st							
	2 nd							
	3 rd							
	4 th							
	5 th							
	6 th							
	7 th							
	8 th							
2	9 th							
_	10 th							
	11 th							
	12 th							
	13 th							
	14 th							
	15 th							
	16 th							
		Sub-Bus Byte Requirements:						
		Optional Diagnostic Word:	2	0				
1		Valve Byte Requirements:						
3		Total Input and Output Bytes for Manifold						



13.3 Bit Mapping Rules

The bit mapping for a G3 manifold varies with the physical configuration of the manifold. The following is a breakdown of the bit mapping rules associated with the ASCO Numatics valve manifold.

Valve Side

- Solenoid coil outputs are connected to the valve coils using the Z-Boards™.
- 2) The valve solenoid coil output portion of the total output size is fixed at 4 bytes.
- 3) Each solenoid coil output has an associated status input bit (refer to the section labeled, "Output Short Circuit Protection", on page 26 for functional details). The solenoid coil status input size is fixed at 4 bytes.
- 4) Solenoid coil output addressing begins at the 1st manifold station nearest the node using "14" coil 1st and then, if applicable, the "12" coil, and continues in ascending order away from the communication node.
- 5) Each manifold station allocates 1 or 2 output bits. This is dependent on the Z-Board™ type installed. A single Z-Board™ allocates 1 output bit. A double Z-Board™ allocates 2 output bits.
- 6) Z-Boards[™] can be used in any arrangement (all singles, all doubles, or any combination) as long as output group No.1 and output group No. 2 bits do not overlap (i.e. combinations of Z-Boards[™] could exist where the physical configuration of the manifold could exceed the output capacity.



Single solenoid valves can be used with double Z-Boards[™]. However, one
of the two available outputs will remain unused.

Discrete I/O Side

Outputs

- 1) The Sub-Bus output byte size portion is self-configuring in byte increments, after an output module is installed on the Sub-Bus and power is applied.
- 2) Outputs are mapped consecutively by module. The output bits from the 1st module will be mapped directly after the bits from the valve coils. The output bits from the second module will be mapped directly after the output bits from the 1st module and so on.

Inputs

- The Sub-Bus input byte size portion is self-configuring in byte increments, after an input module is plugged into back plane and power is applied.
- 2) Inputs are mapped consecutively by module. The input bits from the 1st module will be mapped directly after the status bits from the valve side. The input bits from the second module will be mapped directly after the input bits from the 1st module and so on.
- 3) All of the modules have associated internal status bits, which will affect the total value of input bytes.
- 4) When a module has discrete and status inputs, the status bits are mapped after the discrete input bits.



I/O Mapping Examples

Assumed Settings

13.4 Example No. 1

- Double Z-Boards™ used with all valves
 I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

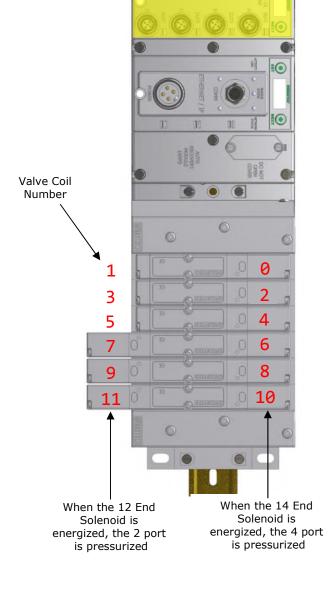
Manifold I/O Configuration

Pos	Module Type	Part No.	In Out			
No.	Module Type	Part NO.	Ву	⁄tes		
1	16I PNP	240-205	3	0		
2	4AI Analog	240-212	10	0		
	Diagnostic Word					
	Loca	4	4			

Total: 19

How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	AK3EF00003NDRM
3	051BA4Z2MN00061
3	051BB4Z2MN00061
1	G3EP102R0G32
1	240-205
1	240-212
	ASSEMBLED.





Example No. 1 Table

				Output Table				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Valve Coil No. 7	Valve Coil No. 6	Valve Coil No. 5	Valve Coil No. 4	Valve Coil No. 3	Valve Coil No. 2	Valve Coil No. 1	Valve Coil No. 0
1	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Valve Coil No. 11	Valve Coil No. 10	Valve Coil No. 9	Valve Coil No. 8
2	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved
3	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved

				Input Table				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Comm.							
(Optional)	Module							
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit							
1	Sub-bus							
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit							
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status							
3	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Status	Status	Status	Status
4	Allocated and							
(Optional)	Reserved							
5	Allocated and							
(Optional)	Reserved							
6	Discrete	Discrete Input						
0	Input No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
7	Discrete	Discrete Input						
	Input No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
8	Power Status							
(Optional)	for Conn. H	for Conn. G	for Conn. F	for Conn. E	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
9	Analog	Analog Input						
9	Input No. 1	No. 1 (LSB)						
10	Analog Input	Analog						
10	No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1						
11	Analog	Analog Input						
11	Input No. 2	No. 2 (LSB)						
12	Analog Input	Analog						
12	No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2						
13	Analog	Analog Input						
13	Input No. 3	No. 3 (LSB)						
14	Analog Input	Analog						
14	No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3						
15	Analog	Analog Input						
13	Input No. 4	No. 4 (LSB)						
1.0	Analog Input	Analog						
16	No.4 (MSB)	Input No. 4						
17	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status
(Optional)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
,								
18	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm for	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for
(Optional)	for Conn. D	Conn. D	for Conn. C	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. B	for Conn. A	Conn. A



• The Comm. Module Diagnostic Bits, Sub-Bus Diagnostic Bits, Coil Status Bits and Power Status Bits are optional. The factory default condition is Diagnostic bits enabled. These bits may be disabled to optimize the logical size of the manifold.



Assumed Settings

13.5 Example No. 2

- Double Z-Boards[™] used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

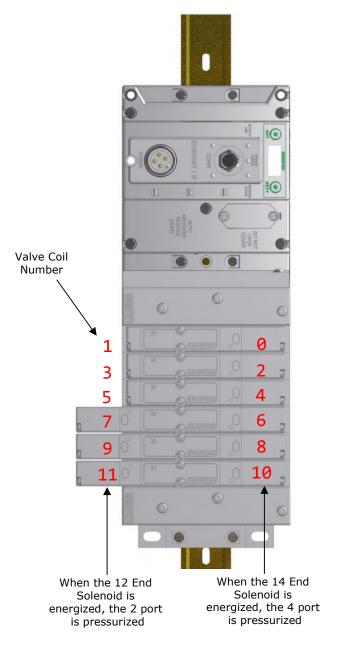
Manifold I/O Configuration

Pos.	Madula Tuna	Part No.	In	Out			
No.	Module Type	Part NO.	Ву	rtes			
	Diagnostic Word						
	4	4					

Total: 6 4

How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	AK3EF00003NDRM
3	051BA4Z2MN00061
3	051BB4Z2MN00061
1	G3EP100R0G32
	ASSEMBLED





Example No. 2 Table

	Output Table										
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
0	Valve Coil										
	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0			
1	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Valve Coil No. 11	Valve Coil No. 10	Valve Coil No. 9	Valve Coil No. 8			
2	Allocated and Reserved										
3	Allocated and Reserved										

				Input Table)			
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.
0	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module
(Optional)	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit
1	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus
(Optional)	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
(Орионаі)	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
3	Coil No.	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	15 Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
4	Coil No.	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
(Optional)	23 Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
5	Coil No.	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
(Optional)	31 Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status



• The Comm. Module Diagnostic Bits, Sub-Bus Diagnostic Bits, Coil Status Bits and Power Status Bits are optional. The factory default condition is Diagnostic bits are enabled. These bits may be disabled to optimize the logical size of the manifold



Assumed Settings

13.6 Example No. 3

- Double Z-Boards $^{\text{TM}}$ used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

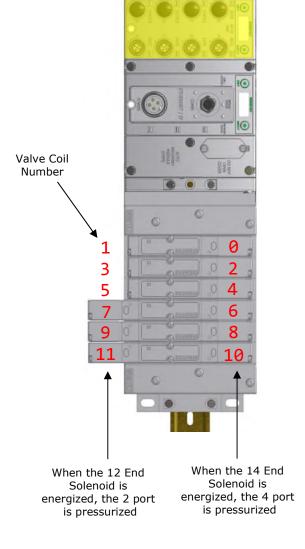
Manifold I/O Configuration

Pos	Module Type	Part No.	In	Out			
No.	,,		Ву	rtes			
1	16I PNP	240-205	3	0			
2	4AI Analog	240-212	10	0			
3	16I PNP	240-203	3	0			
Diagnostic Word 2 0							
	Local Valves:						

Total: 22 4

How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	AK3EF00003NDRM
3	051BA4Z2MN00061
3	051BB4Z2MN00061
1	G3EP103D0G32
1	240-205
1	240-212
1	240-203
	ASSEMBLED





Example No. 3 Table

	Output Table											
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
0	Valve Coil											
U	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0				
1	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil				
1	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8				
2	Allocated and											
	Reserved											
2	Allocated and											
3	Reserved											

				Input Table				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.
0	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit
1	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
3	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
4	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
(Optional)	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
5	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
(Optional)	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
6	Discrete	Discrete Input						
	Input No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
7	Discrete	Discrete Input						
	Input No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
8	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status
(Optional)	for Conn. H	for Conn. G	for Conn. F	for Conn. E	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
9	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	No. 1 (LSB)
10	Analog Input	Analog						
	No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1						
11	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	No. 2 (LSB)
12	Analog Input	Analog						
	No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2						
13	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	No. 3 (LSB)
14	Analog Input No. 3 (MSB)	Analog Input No. 3	Analog Input No. 3	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input No. 3	Analog
		Analog	Analog	Input No. 3 Analog	Input No. 3 Analog	Input No. 3	Analog	Input No. 3 Analog Input
15	Analog Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Analog Input No. 4	Input No. 4	No. 4 (LSB)
	Analog Input	Analog						
16	No.4 (MSB)	Input No. 4						
17	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status
(Optional)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
18	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm for	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for
(Optional)	for Conn. D	Conn. D	for Conn. C	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. B	for Conn. A	Conn. A
	Discrete	Discrete Input						
19	Input No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
	Discrete	Discrete Input						
20	Input No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
21	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status
(Optional)	for Conn. H	for Conn. G	for Conn. F	for Conn. E	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
(Optional)	.51 551111 11	.51 551111 6	.51 601111 1	.or comm L	.or comin b	.51 0011111	.or comm. b	.or comm A



Assumed Settings

13.7 Example No. 4

- Double Z-Boards $^{\text{TM}}$ used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

Manifold I/O Configuration

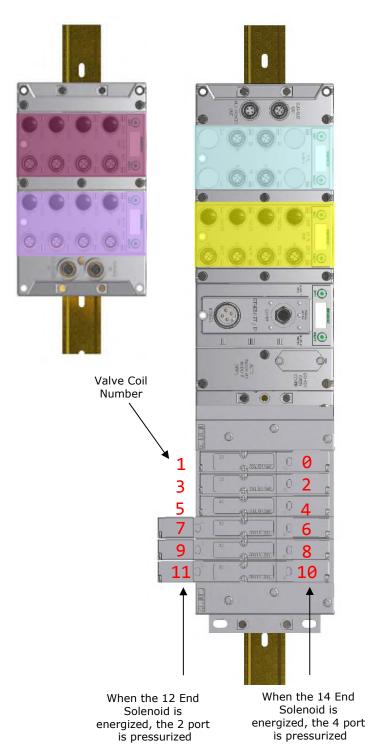
Pos	Modulo Typo	Part No.	In	Out		
No.	Module Type	Pail NO.	Bytes			
1	16I PNP	240-205	3	0		
2	4I Analog	240-212	10	0		
3	16I PNP	240-205	3	0		
4	16I PNP	240-205	თ	0		
Diagnostic Word 2 0						
	4	4				

Total: 18 4

How to Order

Qty	Part Number						
1	AK3EF00003NDRM						
3	051BA4Z2MN00061						
3	051BB4Z2MN00061						
1	G3EP102R0G32						
1	240-205						
1	240-212						
	ASSEMBLED						

1	G3DS302D0DRM
1	240-205
1	240-205
	ASSEMBLED.





Example No. 4 Table

	Output Table								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
0	Valve Coil								
U	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0	
1	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	
1	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8	
2	Allocated and								
2	Reserved								
2	Allocated and								
3	Reserved								

	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved		Reserved	Reserved		Nesel ved
				Input Table				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Comm.	Comm. Module						
_	Module	Diagnostic Bit						
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit	,	·	·	•	,		•
1	Sub-bus							
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit							
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status							
3	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Status							
4	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
(Optional)	Status							
5	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
(Optional)	Status							
6	Discrete Input							
	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
7	Discrete Input							
	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
8	Power Status	Power Status for						
(Optional)	for Conn. H	Conn. G	Conn. F	Conn. E	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. A
9	Analog	Analog Input						
	Input No. 1	No. 1 (LSB)						
10	Analog Input	Analog						
	No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1						
11	Analog Input No. 2	Analog Input No. 2	Analog	Analog Input No. 2	Analog	Analog Input No. 2	Analog Input No. 2	Analog Input
	Analog Input	Analog	Input No. 2 Analog	Analog	Input No. 2 Analog	Analog	Analog	No. 2 (LSB) Analog
12	No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2						
	Analog	Analog Input						
13	Input No. 3	No. 3 (LSB)						
	Analog Input	Analog						
14	No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3						
	Analog	Analog Input						
15	Input No. 4	No. 4 (LSB)						
	Analog Input	Analog						
16	No.4 (MSB)	Input No. 4						
17	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Power Status for	Power Status for	Power Status for	Power Status for
(Optional)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. A
18	High Alarm for	Low Alarm for						
(Optional)	Conn. D	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. B	Conn. A	Conn. A
	Discrete Input							
19	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
20	Discrete Input							
	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
21	Power Status	Power Status for						
(Optional)	for Conn. H	Conn. G	Conn. F	Conn. E	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. A
22	Discrete Input							
22	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
23	Discrete Input							
	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
24	Power Status	Power Status for						
(Optional)	for Conn. H	Conn. G	Conn. F	Conn. E	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. A



Assumed Settings

13.8 Example No. 5

- Double Z-Boards™ used with all valves
 I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

Manifold I/O Configuration

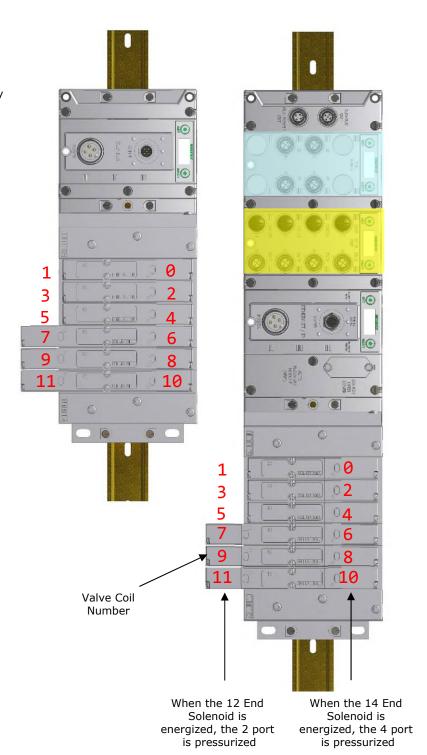
Pos	Module Type	Part No.	In	Out		
No.	Module Type	Part NO.	Bytes			
1	16I PNP	240-205	3	0		
2	4I Analog	10	0			
	Diag	nostic Word	2	0		
	4	4				
	Local Valves (Sub-Bus) 4 4					

Total: 23

How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	AK3EF00003NDRM
3	051BA4Z2MN00061
3	051BB4Z2MN00061
1	G3DN102D0G32
1	240-205
1	240-212
	ASSEMBLED

1	AK3EF00003NDRM
3	051BA4Z2MN00061
3	051BB4Z2MN00061
1	G3DS202R0DRM
	ASSEMBLED.





Example No. 5 Table

				Output Table					
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
0	Valve Coil								
U	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0	
	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	
1	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8	
2	Allocated and								
2	Reserved								
2	Allocated and								
3	Reserved								
4	Valve Coil								
4	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0	
-	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	
5	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8	
6	Allocated and								
(Optional)	Reserved								
7	Allocated and								
(Optional)	Reserved								

				Input Table				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Comm. Module							
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit							
1	Sub-bus							
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit							
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status							
3	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Status							
4	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
(Optional)	Status							
5	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
(Optional)	Status							
	Discrete Input							
6	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
7	Discrete Input							
/	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
8	Power Status for							
(Optional)	Conn. H	Conn. G	Conn. F	Conn. E	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. A
9	Analog	Analog Input						
9	Input No. 1	No. 1 (LSB)						
10	Analog Input	Analog						
10	No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1						
11	Analog	Analog Input						
11	Input No. 2	No. 2 (LSB)						
12	Analog Input	Analog						
12	No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2						
13	Analog	Analog Input						
13	Input No. 3	No. 3 (LSB)						
14	Analog Input	Analog						
17	No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3						
15	Analog	Analog Input						
13	Input No. 4	No. 4 (LSB)						
16	Analog Input	Analog						
	No.4 (MSB)	Input No. 4						
17	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Power Status for	Power Status for	Power Status for	Power Status for
(Optional)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. A
18	High Alarm for	Low Alarm for						
(Optional)	Conn. D	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. B	Conn. A	Conn. A
18	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status							
19	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Status							
20	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
(Optional)	Status							
21	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
(Optional)	Status							



13.9 I/O Mapped Diagnostic Word

	Diagnostic Word Format									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
0 (Comm. Status)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Sub-Bus Short Circuit (1 = Error)	Sub-Bus Error (1=Error)	Un-Switched Power Status (1=Error)	Switched Power Status (1=Error)		
1 (Sub-Bus Status)	Error Code	Error Code	Error Code	Module Address	Module Address	Module Address	Module Address	Module Address		

Byte 0 (Communication Status)

Byte 0, Bit 0 Switched Power Status = Bit is high when valve / output power is not present on the comm. module.

Byte 0, Bit 1 Un-switched Power Status = Bit is high when node / input power is below 19VDC

Byte 0, Bit 2 Sub-Bus Error = Bit is high when there is an error on the sub-bus; see "Byte 1" of diagnostic word for description.

Byte 0, Bit 3 Sub-Bus Short Circuit = A short circuit has been detected across the Sub-Bus



I/O Mapped Diagnostic Word Continued

Byte 1 (Sub-Bus Status)

Module Address

Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Description
0	0	0	0	0	No error
0	0	0	0	1	Communication Module
0	0	0	1	0	I/O module No. 1
0	0	0	1	1	I/O module No. 2
0	0	1	0	0	I/O module No. 3
0	0	1	0	1	I/O module No. 4
0	0	1	1	0	I/O module No. 5
0	0	1	1	1	I/O module No. 6
0	1	0	0	0	I/O module No. 7
0	1	0	0	1	I/O module No. 8
0	1	0	1	0	I/O module No. 9
0	1	0	1	1	I/O module No. 10
0	1	1	0	0	I/O module No. 11
0	1	1	0	1	I/O module No. 12
0	1	1	1	0	I/O module No. 13
0	1	1	1	1	I/O module No. 14
1	0	0	0	0	I/O module No. 15
1	0	0	0	1	I/O module No. 16
1	0	0	1	1	Communication Valve driver
1	0	1	0	0	ARM
1	0	1	0	1	MCM
Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	N/A

Sub-Bus Errors

Error Code	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1
2	0	1	0
3	0	1	1
4	1	0	0
5	1	0	1
6	1	1	0
7	1	1	1

Error Code 0 = No Errors
Error Code 1 = Lost communications between I/O module and communications module
Error Code 2 = Valve / Output power is below 19VDC

Error Code 3...7 = not defined / reserved



14. Appendix

14.1 System Specifications

	Electrical
Supply Voltage	Valves (2005, 2012, 2035): 24 VDC + 10%, -15% Node and Discrete I/O: 24 VDC ± 10%
Current	Total current on the Auxiliary Power Connector ("Valves and Outputs" and "Node and Inputs" Pins) must not exceed 8 Amps.
Internal Electronic Resettable Fuses	The Auxiliary Power Connector pins are each internally fused with an electronically resettable fuse. These fuses are set to the maximum current allowable through the G3 electronics.
Recommended External Fuse	External fuses should be chosen depending upon manifold configuration. Please refer to power consumption chart on page 25 for additional fuse sizing information.
Spike Suppression	Output spike suppression is internally provided for both discrete and valve outputs.
Discrete Outputs	Maximum 0.5 Amps per output. All outputs are short circuit protected and have internal spike suppression. Contact factory for higher current requirements.
Valve Solenoid Coil Output Drivers	Maximum 0.5 Amps per output. All output points are short circuit protected and have internal spike suppression.
Operating Temperature for Electronic Components	23 to 114°F (-5 to 50°C)



14.2 Factory Default Settings

Description	Default Settings
IP address	192.168.3.120 in FLASH
MAC Address	A unique alpha-numeric code for each node (00-15-24-XX-XX).
Baud Rate	10/100 Mbit per sec. (Autobaud)
DHCP/BOOTP	Enabled
Communication Method	Full/Half Duplex (Auto Detect)
Valve Side Output Bytes	4 Bytes (32 Allocated Valve Coil Outputs)
Discrete I/O Side - I/O Bytes	Self-Configuring based on the I/O modules installed.



14.3 Troubleshooting

Communication Node

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution
The wrong valve solenoid coils are being energized.	Z-Board [™] type mismatch. Single Z-Board [™] present where double Z-Board [™] expected or vice versa.	Check that correct Z-Board [™] types are installed. Check that ribbon cable (Output group No. 2) is connected to appropriate valve station. See page 137 for bit mapping rules
Valve outputs do not energize.	Output power not present or connected improperly on Auxiliary Power connector.	Check for 24VDC on the +24 VDC (Valves and Outputs) pin of the MINI Auxiliary Power connector of the Comm. module.
Unable to go to the manifold's web page.	Bad cabling, incorrect computer settings, web server disabled etc.	Please see page 110
No Activity/Link LED	No network connection	Verify the type of cable (straight-thru or crossover) that is being used. Also, verify the wiring of the cable.

I/O Modules

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution
Outputs remain on when communication is lost and/or PLC is in "Program" mode.	Communication Fault parameters set incorrectly. See page 11-128.	Check the communication fault/idle mode parameter setting to ensure that it is not set to "Hold Last Output State".



14.4 Glossary of Terms

The following is a list and description of common terms and symbols used throughout this document:

Term	Description
Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)	A protocol used to set an IP address using a MAC Address hardware address. This can be done in the command prompt window.
Bit	Smallest unit of digital information either a "0" or "1"
Bit Mapping	Chart showing which bit is connected to which physical input or output point.
Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP)	A protocol used to set an IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway using a server.
Broadcast	A transmission method that sends packets to multiple unspecified devices.
Byte	8 bits (1/2 word)
Comm. Fault	One or more of the I/O connections have timed out.
DLR	Device Level Ring
Discrete I / O	The inputs / outputs that are available via the "Discrete I/O" side of manifold.
Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)	A protocol used by a node to obtain an IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway Address from a server.
EDS File	Electronic <u>Data Sheet</u> . A text file, which contains specific product information, definitions of product capabilities and configurable parameters necessary for operation on an EtherNet/IP TM network.
Explicit Messaging	Messaging that sends data to perform request/response functions.
Ground	This term is used to indicate an earth or chassis ground.
I/O	Any combination of inputs and outputs
Idle	A zero (0) length poll message (i.e.: scanner in program mode)
IGMP Snooping	See Implicit Messaging
Implicit Messaging	A function that that can control I/O messaging to another I/O device.
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)	A protocol used to keep local switches informed in a multicast group. Nodes that leave the group will no longer be sent packets of information from switches and routers.
Layer 2 (data link layer or level)	The data layer that physically refers to the frame format and addressing. A layer 2 address is an Ethernet address.
Layer 3 (network layer or level)	The data layer that refers to IP and the IP packet format. A layer 3 address is an IP address.
Link	A group of nodes with different MAC addresses. Segments connected by repeaters make a link. Links that are connected by routers make up a network.
MAC Address	Media Access Connection Address
МСМ	$\underline{\underline{M}}$ anual $\underline{\underline{C}}$ onfiguration $\underline{\underline{M}}$ odule. A module that allows configurable parameters to be set manually via DIP switches and rotary switches. Not required if software configuration is used.
Multicast	A transmission where a packet is sent to all possible nodes of a certain subset.



Glossary of Terms Continued

Term	Description
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
Network	A group of nodes connected by a communication medium through repeaters, router, and gateways.
Node	A device on the network that contains a single MAC Address, which can communicate over a subnet.
Octet	8 bits of information. An IP address is made up of four octets.
ODVA	Open DeviceNet Vendor Association (www.odva.org)
Ping	A group of messages sent between a master and a slave that coordinates time.
Ping Request	A request to see if a device has received a message.
Ping Response	Response to a ping request.
Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	The frequency measure of the required transmission of data from the originating device to the target device.
RSNetWorx	Rockwell Automation's configuration software
Segment	Nodes connected to a continuous section of communication media.
Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)	A protocol used to monitor EtherNet devices, switches, routers, and networks connected by communication media.
Sinking (NPN)	Method of connecting electrical circuits in which the zero (0) volt DC side is switched and the common is positive
Sourcing (PNP)	Method of connecting electrical circuits in which the positive side is switched and the common is zero (0) volts DC.
Status Input bit	A bit in the input table that reports the health of a corresponding output. Indicates short circuit or open coil (load) diagnostics
Subnet	Nodes using the same protocol and shared media access arbitration.
System	Contains one or more domains.
Time to Live (TTL)	A method used in best-effort delivery systems to negate endlessly looping packets.
Unicast	A transmission where a packet is sent to a single node.
Word	2 Bytes (16 bits)
Z-Board [™]	Circuit board installed in the valve manifold which electrically connects the valve solenoid to the electrical /electronics interface. Available in single or double solenoid versions.



14.5 Technical Support

For technical support, contact your local ASCO Numatics distributor. If further information is required, please call ASCO Numatics Technical Support Department at (248) 596-3333.

Issues relating to network setup, PLC programming, sequencing, software related functions, etc. should be handled with the appropriate product vendor.

Information on device files, technical manuals, local distributors, and other ASCO Numatics products and support issues can be found on the ASCO Numatics website at www.asco.com.



